The Centre Reporter.

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66 DEER SLAUGHTERED

Between Charter Oak and Paddy Mountain Tunnel—Foresters Give Reporter These Reports.

For many years the Seven Mountains have proven to be a most desirable hunting field, and the season just passed was not an exception. The deer reported killed between Charter Oak and Paddy Mountain number sixty-six, as reported by Foresters Meek, Ludwig and Sultzer.

Twenty-seven deer were killed in the territory taken care of by Forester Charles R. Meek and William F. McKinney, in the Seven Mountains. Their territory extends from a line just east of the Bear Meadows to the old Millheim-Siglerville turnpike entering the mountains west of Coburn. Among this number of deer killed were two does, which, of course, were not claimed by any of the hunters. One of the does was found in Henry Zerby's field, near Kreader's, in Decker Valley. It is presumed this animal was feeding on apples at a tree nearby and was shot there. Examination of the deer revealed the fact that a slug fired from a shotgun killed the animal. The other doe was killed west of the turnpike. The head only was found. This was severed with a knife and hatchet, the flesh showing a clean cut and the neck hacked. The carcass was carried away and consumed. The carcass of the first doe mentioned was left lie, and was later buried by game wardens or someone authorized to do so.

The twenty-five bucks legally killed were slaughtered by the following parties :

Bradfords, Centre Hall	6
Regulars, Potters Mills	4
Auman-Sweetwood	2
Slack-Colyer Party	1
Schuylkill Haven (Germans)	2
Schuylkill Haven	2
Cooney-Horner-Jordan	2
Yeagertown	1
Walter Garrity party	1
Deckers	1
Penn Hall party	1
Musser-Gilliland	2
Total	25

The Bear Meadows section of the Seven Mountains was also prolific with deer, and not less than seventeen bucks were killed and one catamount. The catamount was the largest captured in this section for a number of years, and was killed by the Foster

[Continued on inside page]

Religion of Presidents.

Washington, Madison, Monroe, William Henry Harrison, Tyler and Taylor were Episcopalians; Buchanan, Lincoln, Johnson, Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison, Presbyterians; Polk, Grant, Hayes, and McKinley, Methodists; John Adams and his son, John Quincey Adams, Fillmore and Taft, Unitarians, and Van Buren and Roosevelt, Dutch Reformed. Garfield was a Campbellite and at one time was a preacher of the Church of the Disciples. Woodrow Wilson is a Presbyterian. It is rather difficult to state Thomas Jefferson's religious belief. He has been described as an atheist, but more generally as a deist.

In a number of cases it might be said the presidents simply "leaned" toward the churches to which they are credited as belonging. It is said on the best of authority that neither President Taft nor ex-President Roosevelt hold membership in any church. This may be a surprise to many, but the Reporter is convinced as to its truth.

Dynamite Blows up Stove.

Little Irma Shire was dangerously wounded in the abdomen when a dynamite cap exploded in a stove in the home of her grandparents, about five miles west of McVeytown. The explosive was kept in the house and was was used for blowing out tree stumps on the farm. It is thought they accidentally fell to the floor and in sweeping up the dirt they were accidentally placed in the fire. The explosion completely demolished the stove and one of the flying pieces hit the little girl in the stomach. As soon as possible a doctor was summoned and he took her to the Altoona hospital.

Effort will be made during the sessions of the next legislature to secure the adoption of a law similar to that in New York giving this state a public service commission. With such a commission corporations could not fasten themselves upon boroughs and cities by securing franchises until the corporation could show it was able to fulfill its contract if called upon to do so. The agitation of the adoption of this style of commission is one of the reasons why such desperate efforts are being made to secure franchise rights in Pennsylvania. It looks very much as though a halt will be called, but not too soon.

Unclaimed letters in Centre Hall post-office on first of this month: William V. P. Collins, C. S. Edgington, John Thomas Coble.

FOR BETTER LIQUOR LAWS.

The Anti-Saloon League Plans to Extend Programmes in the Next Legislature.

Local option will not be the limit of the activities of the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League in the coming legislature, although a virtual duplicate of the Boyd bill of the last session will be the chief point in the league's campaign.

The league's headquarters committee met here this week, with the Rev. Dr. Charles W. Carroll, state superintendent, and the Rev. Henry M. Chalfant, legislature superintendent present. It decided upon a broad program, which will include bills to curb the sale of liquor in clubs. Neither actual or so called; to provide uniform closing hours at night for the entire state, or at least to define clearly the powers of judges, in ordering that saloons be closed at certain times; to prohibit treating and to limit the number of saloons which may be licensed per population so that the licensed places may not become so numerous as to be a scandal.

Heretofore the league has confined its aggressive work to a local option measure, taking part in other fights only when the liquor forces started something, as with the Kline Mulvihill beerpeddling bill of the last session.

The headquarters committeemen say that the demand from all directions for legislation, such as is contained in their new program, is so great that it cannot be longer ignored; the league has no desire to ignore it, but has avoided such issues in the past in order to concentrate on its main purpose of local option legislation.

The committeemen says that the league either will prepare directly bills covering the points in its extended program or else back bills which some one else may introduce. Liquor sales at clubs have for years been a home of contention, and in some counties club stewards have been convicted of violating the liquor laws for selling without a license. Clubs infrequently, if at all have licenses to sell liquor, but do so on the strength of the argument that they furnish liquor to members.

Vast difference of opinion exists among judges as to compelling bars to close during certain hours of the night and on certain holidays. In some counties bars must close as early as 10 o'clock and not open until after sunrise and are closed entirely on holidays. In others the judges have refused petitions of liquor men themselves to fix closing hours, stating that the law confers no such authority. In counties where closing rules exist they are technically not "rules"; they are merely "suggestions" by the court, and the liquor sellers avoid running counter to a court's "suggestions," even if they wish to do so, because they must depend on the court annually for licenses.

LOCALS

Court this week, but as usual there is little business from the south side of the county.

Misses Jennie and Ruth Thomas, on Monday, returned from a week's visit to Cresson, Johnstown and other points.

Miss Bertha Meyers advertises that she is a graduate of a Rochester, N. Y., hospital, and is ready to accept a place in private family or otherwise as a professional nurse.

While working on Jacob Lee's dwelling house at Spring Mills, John F. Hagen, the boss carpenter, fell and broke one of his ribs. He was laid up for a short time, but is now at work again.

The Young People's Branch of the W. C. T. U. will meet this (Thursday) evening at the home of Miss Bertha Strohmeier. This band of workers is composed of a number of young ladies and gentleman who are enthusiastic in the cause the organization stands for.

W. D. Steinbach, of Lewistown, committed suicide by shooting himself in the forehead while in his home at Lewistown. He and his sons composed a firm doing a prosperous business as builders and contractors. Ill health is the only reason that can be assigned for the rash act.

The stork, that wonderful bird, made a visit to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Igen, east of Centre Hall, leaving them a big, plump baby boy whom the parents are certain will grow up to be a man of usefulness in the community. The couple are receiving congratulations since Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Weaver and three small children are occupying the Jerry Miller house, on Church street, in Centre Hall, having moved there last week from Aaronsburg. Mr. Weaver is a son of Mrs. A. H. Weaver, who also lives on the same street, and is a carpenter by trade. He is employed in Altoona, where he has been working for some time.

LETTERS FROM SUBSCRIBERS.

L. G. Rearick Writes from St. Petersburg, Florida.

ST. PETERSBURG, FLA., Nov. 25, 1912.

Editor Reporter :

After a stay of half a year in the "Sunshine City," we can say that we like it very much. The city is nicely laid out, cleanly kept, and is growing very rapidly. Improvements are being rushed in all parts of the city, quite a lot of paving being done. Also the water front on Tampa Bay is being improved by laying out in parks the space between the city and the bay.

Best of all is the climate, which has been ideal for the past two months. I have never had the pleasure before of seeing so many bright sunny days during this time of the year.

St. Petersburg is rapidly becoming one of the most popular summer resorts in the state and is well known throughout the United States.

The population is made up almost entirely of northern people and this is one of the main reasons why the city is improving so rapidly.

There is in course of construction and almost finished a $100,000 opera house built entirely of concrete. This is an addition of which the city feels proud.

One of our foremost cement dealers told me a few days ago that his firm got at one time forty carloads of cement and in less than fifteen days it was all sold.

Cement for concrete work is used very extensively as there is no stone of any kind on the peninsula except what is shipped here for curbing.

We are for once enjoying the novelty of being near the orange and citrus fruit growers. We are getting our fill of oranges and grape fruit. Our only regret is that we cannot have more of our many friends here to enjoy these pleasures as well as the many other things we have the advantage of in this semi-tropical clime.

We are all in the best of health and the boys are especially hearty.

The Reporter reaches us Saturday evening or Monday morning and we are glad for the many news items about the old home it contains.

With best wishes to you all, I remain,

Respectfully yours,
L. G. REARICK.

LEWISBURG, November 30, 1912.

Editor of the Reporter

How we enjoy reading the news in the Reporter from Old Centre county! And how we like to hear from our old friends in other sections who contribute to correspondence columns. These news items and letters bring back to us many dear recollections of the past.

My affliction from rheumatism continues, and I am yet unable to walk. The remainder of the family are well.

Enclosed herewith you will find $1.00 for subscription. Wishing you continued success.

Very Truly,
MRS. W. H. SWARTZ.

From Sutherland, Nebraska, comes this message from Rev. M. E. Bollinger, a minister of the Evangelical Lutheran faith:

Please change the address of our copy of the Reporter from Sutherland, to Davenport, Nebraska.

I closed my work here yesterday and we are in the rush of packing up for Davenport. I have accepted a call to become pastor there and am to begin work on charge on Dec. 1st.

With kindest regards, I am,
Yours fraternally,
M. E. BOLLINGER.

The New Minister.

The above is the title of a play to be given by thirty young people from Boalsburg in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, Friday evening, December 6th. The play was given at Boalsburg with such success that the Christian Endeavor Society of the Reformed church here arranged with the Boalsburg people to come here and repeat it, and later similar arrangements were made at Pine Grove Mills, where the date is one week later, Friday evening, December 13th.

Local talent always furnishes the most desirable entertainments, and since the funds received at the door will be well applied, the patronage given will be highly appreciated.

The admissions are 25 cents and 15 cents; reserved seats, 30 cents. Seats reserved at Kreamer's store.

Williamsport Commercial College.

Winter term begins January 7. Thorough Business and Shorthand courses. Sixty-three calls received for office help during the Fall term. Write for catalogue.

F. F. HEALEY, Proprietor.

Are you advertising your business in the Reporter? What are you doing to get trade?

MR. ARNOLD PLAYS FAIR.

Manager of Central Lyceum Bureau Will Redeem His Credit.

J. S. Arnold, manager of the Central Lyceum Bureau, of Harrisburg, upon complaint of the secretary of the Centre Hall Lecture Course, made this reply :

"Your letter is here and carefully noted. Our business is the same as many others. We get faked sometimes when we cannot help it. We are not in the business, however, to fake others. We are in the business to make good. We will send you something else, free of cost, to make good for the failure of the Boston Male Quartette. You can so announce to your people."

On Monday evening the committee held a meeting, and among other things acted upon decided to accept Mr. Arnold's proposition, and admit all to this entertainment who were entitled to admission to the Boston Male Quartette number. Course ticket holders, of course, will be requested to present their tickets at the door, and those who purchased single reserved seat tickets can secure duplicates by applying to the secretary, Rev. S. A. Snyder, on or before December 20th. It is necessary that application for these tickets be made promptly.

Those who held general admission tickets will be placed on their honor at the door. Owing to the fact that the hall was crowded, the committee decided that no tickets be sold for this number so that those who paid admission to the Boston Male Quartette number will have ample accommodations. The time for the entertainment will be announced as soon as Mr. Arnold designates it.

The committee has no apology to make for the failure of the quartette to make good. Like Mr. Arnold, the committee contracted upon the good recommendations of the singers, and when it was found their entertainment was unsatisfactory complaint was made immediately, and the bureau was prompt in its promise to make amends and will do so. When we consider that this is the third course selected and that this particular number was the only one not to give perfect satisfaction little complaint could be made even though a second number was not forthcoming.

Lewistown Hotel Men in Trouble.

W. F. Hill, of Huntingdon, who is one of the State's pure food inspectors, was wise to the sale of soft drinks sold by the hotel men of Lewistown that was said to contain something more than the real temperance fluid. Hill claims to have the evidence and made the following arrests: Jay Brenneman, proprietor of the Coleman House, and McCafferty Ritz, bartender; Park Murtiff, proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel, Isaac Otto, bartender; Jerry Knepp, proprietor of the Miller house, Reuben Swinehart, bartender; T. D. Hummell, proprietor of an establishment for the sale of quick lunch and soft drinks; and Daniel Hartsock, who keeps a tobacco store and sells soft drinks.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Isabella Barree to Roy L. Bartley, tract of land in Gregg twp; consideration $225.

F. M. Hunter to John B. Miller, tract of land in Liberty twp; consideration $1200.

Jacob Shank et ux to Penna. R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp; consideration $500.

Charles Bowers et ux to Penna. R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp; consideration $900.

Norman E. Lighthammer et ux to Penna. R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp; consideration $2600.

Mary A. Pheasant et bar to Penna. R. R. Co., tract of land in Howard twp; consideration $650.

Judith Bierly et al to H. E. Bierly, tract of land in Miles twp; consideration $6000,

Ives L. Harvey et al to J. Ellis Harvey, tract of land in Curtin twp; consideration $5700.

James A. Potter et al to Keystone Real Estate & Improvement Co., tract of land in State College; consideration $1 00.

Judith Bierly et al to E. S. Bierly, tract of land in Miles twp; consideration $1400.

H. E. Bierly to E. S. Bierly, tract of land in Miles twp; consideration $200.

Mary A. Hugg et bar to Milton Johnston, tract of land in Milesburg boro; consideration $750.

Torrence Murray to Kate E. Murray, tract of land in Spring twp; consideration $1 00.

George Zelinsky et ux to John Sophina, tract of land in Rush twp; consideration $65.

J. D. Miller, treas., to Commissioners of Centre Co., tract of land in Taylor twp; consideration $14 75.

Local capitalists in Juniata county are sinking a test well near McAlisterville.

DEATHS

Mrs. Mary Etta Mayes, wife of J. B. Mayes, the well known marble dealer of Lemont, died at her home in that place on Tuesday morning of last week, following a lingering illness with heart trouble and dropsy. Her maiden name was Mary Etta Brown, a daughter of John I. and Isabella Brown, and was born at Potters Mills on January 17th, 1846, making her age sixty-six years, ten months, and nine days. Almost her entire life was spent in Harris and College townships where she had a large circle of friends who deeply mourn her death. Mrs. Mayes was a member of the United Evangelical church since girlhood and was a woman of many noble attributes and high christian character.

Surviving her are her husband and the following children: J. Will Mayes and Mrs. J. H. Mokle, of Howard; J. D. Mayes, Charles F. and W. A., of Milton; Thomas E. and Mrs. F. Evey, of Bellefonte, and L. Frank Mayes, of Lemont. One brother, A. R. Brown, of Kansas City, Mo., also survives. The funeral was held from her late home Friday morning. Rev. S. A. Snyder, of the United Evangelical church, officiated assisted by Rev. W. K. Harnish and Rev. C. C. Shuey. Burial was made in the Boalsburg cemetery.

After a brief illness, Miss Sarah J. Reed died at her home in Pine Grove Mills, Friday of last week. The funeral services were held Monday afternoon, Rev. S. C. Stover, pastor of the Reformed church, and Rev. Harnish, pastor of the Presbyterian church, officiating. Miss Reed was born near Pine Grove Mills, May 18, 1838, and was therefore seventy-four years, six months and eleven days old. For sixteen or more years she lived with the Sparrs, at Boalsburg, and at their death returned to Pine Grove Mills, where she and an only sister, Miss Maggie Reed, have since lived. One brother, James C. Reed, of Boalsburg, also survives.

Miss Mable Bridge, native of Centre county, died in the Jersey Shore hospital after being a sufferer for some months with a complication of diseases. She was born in Marion township and was forty-two years and two days old. Eleven years ago she moved to Jersey Shore where she lived until her death. Surviving her are the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Jacob J. Stine, of Zion; Mrs. W. F. Schock, of Bath, N. Y.; Mrs. John Crossmeyer, of Curtain; Mrs. Edward Hepburn, Bellefonte; Mrs. E. D. Bitner, Jersey Shore; John Bridge, of Manheim; William, George and James, of Jersey Shore. The remains were brought to Zion for burial.

Everett Ellsworth Johnson, a son of Claude Johnson, of State College, died at the Mont Alto sanatorium of tuberculosis. He was born at Hublersburg and was about twenty-seven years of age. He was employed by the Pennsylvania railroad at Pittsburg until failing health compelled him to quit work about a year ago. The remains were taken to his father's home at State College and conveyed to Hublersburg where funeral services were held and burial made. In addition to his father he is survived by one brother, Jasper, of Bellefonte, and a sister, Mrs. Bernice Stover, of Boalsburg.

Mrs. Jane Wilson Laird, a native of Boalsburg, this county, died at her home in Bellwood, aged about eighty-two years, survived by one son and two daughters, viz: Harry, of Bellwood; Mrs. J. W. Elway, of McKees Rocks, and Miss Annie, at home. Her husband, Dr. John B. Laird, died about fourteen years ago. She was a devoted member of the Presbyterian church.

Escapes Electric Chair.

Maurice M. Lustig, who two years ago was convicted of poisoning his wife, Rhoda Mills, a Milroy girl, in New York, and sentenced to death, escaped the electric chair. He was granted a new trial, but it has been found that the chief witnesses against him have disappeared, and the district attorney stated that he would not be retried unless these witnesses put in an appearance.

Lustig married while living at Reedsville. He and his wife then moved to Pittsburg and later to New York. While posing as a detective the woman died under peculiar circumstances, and when Lustig made an effort to collect $3000 life insurance he was arrested, and charged with murder. The body of the woman had been interred at Milroy. At the trial it was shown that her stomach contained strychnine, and the evidence was very conclusive that Lustig had poisoned his wife so that he could collect the insurance.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Mrs. James P. Herring, of Altoona, was among friends in Centre Hall last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Springer, of Millheim, were in Centre Hall last Thursday and Friday.

Be sure to hear "The New Minister." Some of the scenes may be familiar. Grange Arcadia, Friday evening.

Miss Louella Ross, of Linden Hall, last week was entertained by her friend, Miss Margaret Jacobs, in Centre Hall.

Samuel Shoop has the structural work of his new house, located opposite the school house, well under way and is ready for the roof which will be of shingles.

Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Weiser, accompanied by their two children, DeWitt and Miss Catherine, of Millheim went to Elkhart, Ind., to visit Mrs. Weiser's sister, Mrs. L. A. Kreighbaum.

A. P. Krape and William Homan, who accompanied the Zimmerman hunting party to the Alleghenys, report having had a most delightful trip. The party killed three bucks, one of which was shot by Mr. Homan.

The last week in November was a beautiful one, the temperature just being low enough to keep the ground frozen during the day, and give one a quick move. The first day of December was bright and brisk, but Monday it turned to a rainy season.

The large class in Teacher Training consisting of members of the United Evangelical and Presbyterian churches, have completed the course, passed the final examination, and received their diplomas from the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association.

Former Commissioner H. E. Zimmerman is now a resident of Pleasant Gap, having moved into the new house he built there last summer. Oscar Zimmerman, a son, followed the elder Zimmerman as a tenant in Bellefonte, having purchased the property from his father.

A contract was awarded Allen S. Work, of Punxsutawney, to frescoe the Lutheran church in Centre Hall. The contract includes all of the four rooms, also painting of the woodwork, and revarnishing the portions in the main auditorium finished in natural wood. Mr. Work is an artist of much experience.

There has not much been said about big hogs being killed this season until recently, and while the local feeders do not make great pretenses, they have fine porkers for the age of the hogs: H. E. Shirk, two the combined weight of which was 881; B. H. Arney, one 400; E. W. Crawford, two spring pigs, 300 each.

One of the daintiest and prettiest 1913 calendars to reach this office was forwarded by H. C. Hambly, 929 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, a jeweler who makes a specialty of diamonds, and deals in all kinds of high class jewelry. An illustration sent with the calendar shows the interior of the store to be exceedingly handsome.

After firing an engine in the Altoona yards since September, George Yarnell, of Linden Hall, hopes soon to obtain a regular run on the railroad. He has already made several trial trips out to Bellefonte and Harrisburg, and he feels abundantly able to keep up steam once he is called to do so. About the beginning of the year, he and Mrs. Yarnell will take up housekeeping in Altoona.

Thomas J. Stewart, Adjutant-General of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, is compiling information relative to the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg, to be held at Gettysburg, July 1st—4th, 1913, and desires the name, command, date of enlistment, date of discharge, and post office address of each surviving soldier now residing in Pennsylvania, who served in a Pennsylvania organization that participated in the Battle of Gettysburg, and enlisted and served therein prior to July 4th, 1863.

The Thanksgiving Day services in the Presbyterian church, which of course, were of a union character, were more largely attended than similar services during the past few years. This is due to the fact that the ministers were especially careful to properly announce the services and insisted on a more general attendance. The sermon was delivered by Rev. R. R. Jones, of the Reformed church, and was full of good thoughts, carefully prepared and well delivered. The minister called attention to the fact that the occasion was of enough importance to every individual that he or she could afford to lay aside cares and labors and return thanks in a manner called upon by the Chief Executive of the nation.

The Centre Reporter

CENTRE HALL, - - PA.

MENACE OF DRUGS.

The number of people in this country who are becoming addicted to the different phases of what is known as the drug habit is so numerous as to excite alarm. Years ago the victims of drugs were confined to consumers of opium or morphine, says the Milwaukee Wisconsin. Now there is a considerable variety of habit-forming drugs, with cocaine at the head of the list. At first it was hailed for its usefulness as a local anesthetic. Now it is dreaded for the number of men and women who have fallen under its sway, and whom it reduces to a condition of moral irresponsibility. Many —probably nearly all—of the victims of cocaine and other habit-forming drugs use them at first for medicine. They are prescribed by physicians to allay pain. The hideous evils that follow slavery to these drugs rarely are dreamed of by those who use them, until after their use has become a habit, and then the damage is done—for drug habits, once formed, are inconceivably difficult to break. These drugs shatter the nervous system and blunt the moral faculties and predispose their slaves to crime. No wonder that physicians and officials charged with the administration of the criminal laws are banding together to check the sale and use of these insidious destroyers of health and morals.

As our manners improve, have our children as good manners as our fathers or grandfathers had? We do not mean by good manners what the newer term social etiquette implies. Among the so-called social sets we find changing codes which direct the form of handshaking, modes of expression in meeting people, repetition of useless "don't you knows" in conversation, ability to select from multiform knives, forks and spoons for the multiform courses at luncheon and dinner, says the Knoxville Journal and Times. We can detect no purpose in these flippant forms of fashion excepting as the knowledge is a badge of fellowship. And there seems to be much striving to get within the circle. But these mannerisms are not good manners. The essence of good manners is kindness and courtesy. They extend below the surface deep into the character. A person habitually polite is one who has transformed into conduct the habit of thinking of others. They are apostles of good cheer, being unwilling to cause embarrassment or chagrin to either their social confreres or the lowliest person they meet.

They pay the waiter for the privilege of being served at all, after paying the head waiter to get a table if the restaurant is full. They pay to have their hat and coat kept for them during the meal, pay for getting a taxicab, and after it is over and pay the chauffeur for the privilege of riding home with him in a cab for which the company has had to pay the hotel license fee for the right to use the public streets, says the New York World. From the time they enter a restaurant until after they have left it they are subjected to numerous direct taxes, in addition to the indirect taxes imposed for music and marble corridors, which are but ill-disguised in the exorbitant prices charged for the food. Why should not the Hotel association round out the system of petty extortion by charging for admission?

If, as reported, the sultan of Turkey sent a bag of millet seed to the king of Bulgaria to show his numerical strength, and the king of Bulgaria sent back a bag of pepper seeds to show the style of opposition, the incident typifies the struggle between quantity and quality which has had but one result since the world began. Mere brute strength and number no longer count in the great contests of the world.

The little Irish cow has proved a prize winner at the National Dairy Show in Chicago. Lord Decies exhibited a herd of ten, which was awarded several first prizes, and three seconds. Cows competent as these would beat the pig for paying the rent.

An English woman left $500 in her will to another woman for smiling pleasantly at her as they left church. Such a bequest does more for the sunshine habit than any amount of mere talk.

The society leader who proposes that dog shall be eaten as a relief from the high cost of meat, should begin as an example. We do not know of any law prohibiting the consumption of Boston bull steak or poodle chops by the gilded circles.

Cholera killing 10,000 out of 21,000 cases reported in one province in India in a month is described as not being as severe as usual. What would they call severe, anyway?

THE DEATH LIST PUT AT 17,000

Great Havoc Wrought by Typhoon in Philippines.

AMERICANS IN ONE OF TOWNS

Another Having 14,000 Population Reported To Have Been Destroyed — Telegraph Lines Down.

Washington.—Seventeen thousand persons are reported to have perished in a typhoon which swept across the Philippines to the south of Manila Tuesday, according to belated advices which reached the War Department from Governor General Forbes, of the Philippines.

Telegraphic communication from Manila southward has been destroyed entirely and it is almost impossible to obtain from there accurate information of the total extent of loss or damage.

The entire town of Tacloban, the capital of Leyte, having a population of about 14,000, is reported to have been destroyed. Capiz, the capital of the province of that name and an important sugar port, also was badly damaged and from three to five thousand persons killed. Capiz is the terminal of the railroad crossing the island from Ilio, and a large number of Americans are located there.

No report has reached the department concerning their fate, but Governor Forbes has reported that he had sent a shipload of food and materials for repair to Tacloban and would follow that with as much more provisions as he could obtain in Manila.

The Red Cross Bureau here probably will send several thousand dollars at once to Governor Forbes to be used for the relief of the sufferers.

HORRORS OF ADRIANOPLE.

Fugitives Tell Of Ravages Of Fire, Flood and Famine.

Mustapha Pasha, Turkey.—Fire, famine, flood and anarchy afflict the besieged Turkish fortress of Adrianople, according to reports brought here by fugitives from that city.

Those refugees who have managed to escape through the lines of investment, which are being drawn closer every day around the Turkish stronghold, declare that many buildings in the vicinity of the Selim mosque have been burned. Other districts of the city are deeply inundated with the waters of the rivers Maritza, Tunga and Arda, which have overflowed their banks.

The civilian population is declared to be short of food and among some classes a state approaching anarchy exists.

SENATOR RAYNER BURIED.

Funeral Of Maryland Statesman Is Held In Washington.

Washington.—President Taft, representatives of the diplomatic corps here, members of the Cabinet, the United States Supreme Court and both houses of Congress, Governor Goldsborough and other Maryland State officials attended the funeral services here of the late Senator Isidor Rayner, of Maryland. The Rev. U. G. B. Pierce, chaplain of the Senate, delivered the funeral sermon at the House, where the principal services took place.

Brief ceremonies were conducted at the grave in Rock Creek Cemetery, where interment was made. Members of the Senate and the House acted as honorary pall-bearers.

SENATE OFFICIAL DEAD.

Demise Of Sergeant-At-Arms Ransdell Unexpected.

Washington.—Col. Daniel M. Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms of the United States Senate, former United States marshal for the District of Columbia and an intimate friend of the late President Harrison, died here as the result of an operation performed on November 7. Colonel Ransdell was one of the well-known figures of public life. He had been sergeant-at-arms of the Senate for nearly 12 years.

SERVIANS IN DURAZZO.

Occupy Town Which Austria Says They Cannot Hold.

Durazzo, Albania.—The Servian troops occupied the town. No resistance was offered. The Austrian Lloyd steamer Graf Wurmbrand left immediately with a number of refugees. Durazzo is the port on the Adriatic which Servia desires to retain and which Austria is determined Servia shall not hold.

VIOLATED HIS PAROLE.

Leader Of Tar Party Sent To Jail To Complete Sentence.

Lincoln Center, Kan.—Edward Ricord, one of the leaders of the famous Shady Bend tar party, of which Miss Mary Chamberlain was the victim, was committed to jail here under his original sentence because he violated his parole. Ricord, who is a barber, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment for his connection with the case.

BACK ON THE JOB

(Copyright.)

DEATH CHAIR FOR GUN MEN

All Received Their Sentence Calmly.

TO DIE WEEK OF JANUARY 6.

Heavy Guard On Hand — Armed Deputies and Policemen Order Gangsters Away.

New York.—Gyp the Blood, Whitey Lewis, Lefy Louie and Dago Frank, the gunmen convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, were sentenced by Justice Goff to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing during the week of January 6.

Each of the prisoners was sentenced separately, and in each case Charles G. F. Wahle, their counsel, moved that the verdict be set aside and the judgment be arrested. Each motion Justice Goff successively denied. One of the grounds for Mr. Wahle's motion was that the verdict was the result of "passion, prejudice and other influences."

None of the condemned men gave any visible sign of his feelings. All looked stolidly ahead and each shook the hand of Mr. Wahle as he was led away. Accompanied by Sheriff Harburger and 12 deputies, the four were forced through a big, silent crowd outside the Criminal Courts Building, thrust into the prison van and taken to the Grand Central Station to take a train for Sing Sing, where, with Charles Becker, former police lieutenant and condemned as instigator of the crime, they will await execution.

Ossining, N. Y.—The four gunmen reached here and were lodged in the death house at Sing Sing, in cells adjoining that of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker.

The wives of Lefty Louie and Gyp the Blood, and Whitey Lewis' sister were permitted to walk with their relatives from the train to the prison. Sheriff Harburger and a heavy guard of deputies escorted the gunmen, and hundreds of Ossining people joined the procession. The official party went inside the main gate of the prison where, on being given over to the warden each of the gunmen shook hands with Sheriff Harburger. Each promised to call on him in New York "as soon as we are released," they said.

HER LIFE SAVED BY BOY.

Cripple's Sacrifice Restores Girl To Her Health.

Gary, Ind.—Ethel Smith, for whom the life of Billy Rugh, Gary's heroic newsboy, was sacrificed that she might recover from burns suffered in a motorcycle accident, left the hospital here and returned to her home. Her life was despaired of until crippled Billy Rugh, offered to go to the operating table and furnish the live tissue necessary to save her. The skin grafting restored the girl to health, but Rugh died from pneumonia, the result of the amputation of his crippled leg.

FOOLED WISE SLEUTH.

Innocent-Faced Lad Got Halpin To Cash Forged Check.

Chicago.—Capt. John J. Halpin, head of the Chicago Detective Bureau, and for 20 years considered the cleverest thief catcher in this city, cashed a forged check for $150 for an honest-faced lad.

35,000 MINERS APPEAL.

Request Governor Of Kentucky to Relieve the Car Shortage.

Frankfort, Ky.—Representatives of 5,000 miners in Western Kentucky presented a petition to Governor McCreary asking that he take steps to relieve the car shortage, which, the petition declares, is working a hardship on the miners through depriving them of steady employment. The governor has referred the petition to the state railroad commission.

FOUR KILLED AND FIFTY HURT

Pennsylvania Train Down Embankment at Glenn Loch.

STEEL SLEEPER TELESCOPED

Broken Rail Believed By Pennsylvania Railroad Officials To Be Cause Of the Accident.

Philadelphia.—Four persons, two Pullman conductors and two passengers, are known to have been killed and 54 persons are accounted for in the list of injured in the wreck of the Cleveland and Cincinnati Express on the Pennsylvania Railroad which jumped the track at Glen Loch, about 25 miles west of here.

Eight cars, all filled with sleeping passengers, plunged down a 30-foot embankment into a train of coal cars on the freight line, which at this point runs parallel to the passenger tracks. One coach turned completely over in the descent.

As three of the sleepers rolled down the embankment, one of them, Glenrock, was partly telescoped. All the dead and many of the most seriously injured were found in this car.

The crash of the cars as they rolled down the steep incline was followed by screams from the passengers penned in the overturned cars. The day coach turned a complete somersault and came to rest with its wheels in the air.

The passengers were thrown violently against the top of the car. Many were unconscious from blows on the head. Others were seriously injured. Some of them crawled to safety through the windows.

Passengers and trainmen who escaped injury ran from their coaches and joined in the work of rescue.

Farmers in the vicinity soon were at the scene. They brought axes, hatchets and saws. By light of lanterns and the headlights which were removed from the locomotives, they labored furiously at the wreckage in their work of rescue.

Marshal John P. Dohoney, of Harrisburg, who investigated the wreck on behalf of the State Railroad Commission, said:

"The wreck appears to have been caused by the sagging of a girder on the bridge, which depressed the track. This probably caused couplings to break and the cars to leave the tracks beyond the bridge."

PRISONER IN APPLE CAR.

Hungarian Released After Thirteen Days' Confinement.

Sioux City, Ia.—Andrew Gorchitz, of Newburgh, N. Y., after being a prisoner for 13 days in a car of apples into which he had crawled at Newburgh, was released when the car was opened here. His feet were frozen and may have to be amputated. He had eaten nearly a barrel of the apples.

BLOWS OFF TOP OF HIS HEAD.

Motorcar Dealer Found Dead Before Thanksgiving Meal.

Omaha, Neb.—An hour before he was to have partaken of a Thanksgiving dinner J. J. Deright, a prominent motorcar dealer, was found dead in a room above his garage. He had committed suicide by shooting off the top of his head with a shotgun. No cause for his action is known.

BIRD'S NEST KILLS TWO.

Blocks Chimney Flue and Couple Are Asphyxiated.

Mount Zion, Ill.—A last summer's bird's nest caused the deaths here of Henry Scott and his wife. The nest blocked a chimney flue, and when a gas stove was lighted in the couple's bedroom the fumes were forced back and they were asphyxiated. Scott was 48 years old and his wife six years his senior. They were married last August.

GRANTED PARDON ALBERT PATRICK

Lawyer Gains Freedom After Remarkable Fight.

WAS SERVING LIFE TERM.

At No Time Since His Long Incarceration, Has Patrick Given Up Hope Of Obtaining His Freedom.

Albany, N. Y.—Albert T. Patrick, who is serving a life sentence in Sing Sing Prison for the murder of William Marsh Rice, an aged millionaire, in New York city on September 23, 1900, was pardoned by Governor Dix.

Patrick, who was saved from the electric chair by the late Governor Higgins, in December, 1906, has made a remarkable fight for freedom. A lawyer by profession, he protested when Governor Higgins commuted the death sentence to life imprisonment, declaring that the Governor had no legal right to cancel the original sentence and impose a punishment of life imprisonment.

Governor Dix announced that he had pardoned Patrick just as he was about to leave the capitol for the executive mansion.

Doubt Of Fair Trial.

"There has always been an air of mystery in this important case," he said. "Quoting from the minority opinion of the Court of Appeals, 'The atmosphere that surrounded the defendant showed that a fair and impartial trial was scarcely possible.'

"I trust that M. Patrick will devote his energies to a complete vindication of his declared innocence.

"During the past year I have given much consideration to this case, and am convinced that the defendant is entitled to have a full pardon."

CHRONOLOGY OF THE PATRICK CASE.

September 23, 1900—William Marsh Rice murdered.

October 3, 1900—Albert T. Patrick and Charles F. Jones, Rice's valet, arrested on charge of forgery.

February 27, 1901—Jones confesses that he murdered Rice under Patrick's direction.

April 16, 1901—Patrick held for murder by Justice William Travers Jerome.

January 20, 1902—Patrick's trial begun, James W. Osborne prosecuting.

March 20, 1902—Patrick convicted of murder in the first degree.

March 30, 1902—Patrick marries Mrs. Addie M. Francis in the Tombs.

April 7, 1902—Patrick sentenced to die May 5.

June 19, 1905—New trial denied by the Court of Appeals.

December 6, 1905—Patrick resentenced to die in the electric chair.

July 11, 1906—Motion for new trial denied by Recorder Goff.

August 10, 1906—Case carried to the United States Supreme Court.

December 12, 1906—Appeal withdrawn.

December 20, 1906—Sentence commuted to life imprisonment by Governor Higgins.

June 4, 1909—Appellate Division pronounces imprisonment legal.

December, 1910—Medico-Legal Society champions his cause.

November 27, 1912—Pardoned by Governor Dix.

UNITED STATES YIELDS?

Said To Have Waived the Passport Question In Russian Treaty.

London.—The Odessa correspondent of the Post claims to have learned that the Russo-American treaty of commerce will be renewed in amended form on January 1 next, the United States having waived the passport question.

SANTO DOMINGO PEACEFUL.

President Resigns, Prisoners Are Released, Everybody Happy.

Santo Domingo.—The resignation of Eladio Victoria, President of the Dominican Republic, was tendered and formally accepted by Congress. Many political prisoners shortly afterward were released from confinement. Hostilities have been suspended throughout the Republic.

JAILED FOR ASSAULT.

Member Of West Clarksfield, Ohio, Tar Party Given the Limit.

Norwalk, O.—Ernest Welch, convicted two weeks ago of assault and battery in connection with the tarring of Minnie La Valley, at West Clarksfield, last August, was sentenced to spend six months in the workhouse at Toledo and pay a fine of $200 and costs, a total of $500.

TRAIN FALLS 175 FEET.

Five Killed In a Disastrous Accident In Oregon.

Marshfield, Ore.—Five men were killed and several hurt, some fatally, when a logging train went through a 175-foot trestle at Bear Creek. The boiler of the engine exploded when the locomotive fell. The bodies are buried under the wreckage of the train and the trestle and the number of dead may be greater.

PROTECTION OF LITTLE FOLKS

Scope of Local Society May be Widened Considerably

TO BE IN STATE FEDERATION

Humane Society Wants S. P. C. A. to Join in Protecting Horses by Rough Surfacing Paved Inclines of the Hill Streets.

(Special Harrisburg Correspondence.)

Harrisburg.—Children as well as animals will be taken under the wing of the organization formed here more than a year ago to protect animals alone, if a plan for re-chartering the society to provide the widening of scope materializes. This question was taken up at a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals when the legislative committee recommended the re-chartering of the society in such a way as will permit it to become affiliated with the Federated Humane Societies of Pennsylvania. The Federated Societies, which is a State organization of the various societies for the prevention of cruelty to children and animals, is desirous of including the local society in its membership, and it is probable the legislative committee's recommendation to this effect will be carried out. Another matter that will be taken up by the society will be the legislative committee's report on the question of rough surfacing the paved inclines of hill streets, the approach to the Mulberry street viaduct, and so on, for the protection of horses. This question is being considered now with a view to having remedial provisions incorporated in the new traffic ordinance. Whether some recommendations as to distributing sand at this time on the slippery slopes to serve temporarily, or whether some permanent arrangement for treatment of the street during the summer should be provided in the traffic ordinance, will be one of the problems threshed out. The legislative committee consists of J. Clarence Funk, chairman; ex-Mayor Maurice C. Eby, ex-Mayor E. Z. Gross, Major F. M. Ott and Miss Clara Basehore.

Ask $25,000,000 Charities.

Governor Tener's interest in the work of the Board of Public Charities, which met here, would indicate that he is heartily in sympathy with the plans as outlined by the board for the care and treatment of the injured, the insane and the feeble-minded. The requests for appropriations this year have run close to $25,000,000. The Governor is particularly interested in the work planned by the lunacy committee, and will follow closely the bills that will be presented in the interest of providing more room for those suffering from mental and nervous diseases. Particular attention will be given in the recommendations to the Legislature to the necessity of providing institutions for feeble-minded girls. There are now, according to a census taken by Secretary Bromley Wharton, 15,000 feeble-minded and epileptic girls in the State, 8,000 of whom should be in institutions. The lunacy committee will most probably recommend a law prohibiting marriage of epileptics and the feeble-minded.

To Steal, Have a Purpose.

"No man should steal," said Judge Kunkel in the Dauphin County Court, passing sentence upon Julian H. Davis, who recently stole $1,700 from the safe at the State Asylum here, "but he who steals for no purpose is worse than he who steals and has a purpose, intending to use the money for himself." Davis Brothers, his counsel, endeavored to have the sentence suspended, but the prisoner admitted he had served two terms in a reformatory in Georgia. The Court said that, although Georgia had not succeeded in reforming Davis, he would send the defendant to the Huntingdon Reformatory and give him aonther chance to turn over a new leaf.

Mother Gets Child.

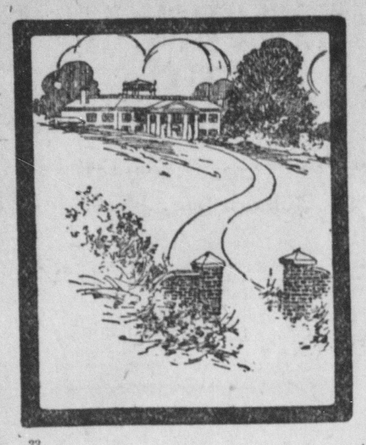
The controversy over the custody of Gertrude Lloyd, a pretty nine-year-old girl, who has been living with her aunt, Mrs. Emma Jones, for seven years, was settled when Attorney William H. Musser announced that an agreement had been reached under which the child was to go to the mother, Mrs. Sue Lloyd.

Change In Public Works Board.

William Jennings, president of the Board of Public Works, recently elected president of the Commonwealth Trust Company, will resign from the board December 1, and will be succeeded by J. William Bowman, a young business man.

Splendid Body of Students.

Adjutant-General Thomas J. Stewart, who returned from State College, where he attended the Pennsylvania Day exercises and inspected the cadet battalion, paid a high tribute to the students. "The cadet battalion was a splendid body of students, animated by plenty of spirit and well trained, eager and alert to their duties," said he. "The battalion is one of the best of the kind I have ever seen, and it has some fine material for the State Guard should occasion arise. I was highly pleased at the appearance."



THE PRODIGAL JUDGE

By VAUGHAN KESTER

ILLUSTRATIONS BY D. MELVILL

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23

SYNOPSIS.

The scene at the opening of the story is laid in the library of an old worn-out southern plantation, known as the Barony. The place is to be sold, and its history and that of the owners, the Quintards, is the subject of discussion by Jonathan Crenshaw, a business man, a stranger known as Bladen, and Bob Yancy, a farmer, when Hannibal Wayne Hazard, a mysterious child of the old southern family, makes his appearance. Yancy tells how he adopted the boy. Nathaniel Ferris buys the Barony, but the Quintards deny any knowledge of the boy. Yancy to keep Hannibal. Captain Murrell, a friend of the Quintards, appears and asks questions about the Barony. Trouble at Scratch Hill, when Hannibal is kidnaped by Dave Blount, Captain Murrell's agent. Yancy overtakes Blount, gives him a thrashing and secures the boy. Yancy appears before Squire Balaam, and is discharged with costs for the plaintiff. Betty Malroy, a friend of the Ferrises, has an encounter with Captain Murrell, who forces his attentions on her, and is rescued by Bruce Carrington. Betty sets out for her Tennessee home. Carrington takes the same stage. Yancy and Hannibal disappear, with Murrell on their trail. Hannibal arrives at the home of Judge Slocum Price. The Judge recognizes in the boy, the grandson of an old time friend. Murrell arrives at Judge's home. Cavendish family on raft rescue Yancy, who is apparently dead. Price breaks jail. Betty and Carrington arrive at Belle Plain. Hannibal's rifle discloses some startling things to the judge. Hannibal and Betty meet again. Murrell arrives in Belle Plain. Is playing for big stakes. Yancy awakes from long dreamless sleep on board the raft. Judge Price makes startling discoveries in looking up land titles. Charley Norton, a young planter, who assists the judge, is mysteriously assaulted. Norton informs Carrington that Betty has promised to marry him. Norton is mysteriously shot. More light on Murrell's plot. He plans uprising of negroes. Judge Price, with Hannibal, visits Betty, and she keeps the boy as a companion. In a stroll Betty takes with Hannibal they meet Bess Hicks, daughter of the overseer, who warns Betty of danger and counsels her to leave Belle Plain at once. Betty, terrified, acts on Bess' advice, and on their way their carriage is stopped by Slosson, the tavern keeper, and a confederate, and Betty and Hannibal are made prisoners. The pair are taken to Hicks' cabin, in an almost inaccessible spot, and there Murrell visits Betty and reveals his part in the plot and his object. Betty spurns his proffered love and the interview is ended by the arrival of Ware, terrified at possible outcome of the crime. Judge Price, hearing of the abduction, plans action. The Judge takes charge of the situation, and search for the missing ones is instituted. Carrington visits the judge and allies are discovered. Judge Price visits Colonel Fentress, where he meets Yancy and Cavendish. Becoming enraged, Price dashes a glass of whisky into the colonel's face and a duel is arranged. Murrell is arrested for negro stealing and his bubble bursts. The Judge and Mahaffy riscuss the coming duel. Carrington makes frantic search for Betty and the boy.

CHAPTER XXVIII.—(Continued.)

"What have we between here and the river?" inquired the latter. It was best, he felt, not to give Slosson an opportunity to ask questions.

"It narrows considerably, pardner, but it's a straight course," said Slosson. "Black in yonder, ain't it?" he added, nodding ahead.

The shores drew rapidly together; They were leaving the lake-like expanse behind. In the silence, above the rustling of the trees, Carrington heard the first fret of the river against its bank. Slosson yawned prodigiously.

"I reckon you ain't needing me?" he said.

"Better go up in the bow and get some sleep," advised Carrington, and Slosson, nothing loath, clambered down from the roof of the cabin and stumbled forward.

The ceaseless murmur of the rushing waters grew in the stillness as the keel boat drew nearer the hurrying yellow flood, and the beat of the Kentucklan's pulse quickened. Would he find the raft there? He glanced back over the way they had come. The dark ranks of the forest walled off the clearing, but across the water a dim point of light was visible. He fixed its position as somewhere near the head of the bayou. Apparently it was a lantern, but as he looked a ruddy glow crept up against the skyline.

From the bow Bunker had been observing this singular phenomenon. Suddenly he bent and roused Slosson, who had fallen asleep. The tavern-keeper sprang to his feet and Bunker pointed without speaking.

"Mebby you can tell me what that light back yonder means?" cried Slosson, addressing himself to Carrington; as he spoke he snatched up his rifle.

"That's what I'm trying to make out," answered Carrington.

"Hell!" cried Slosson, and tossed his gun to his shoulder.

What seemed to be a breath of wind lifted a stray lock of Carrington's hair, but his pistol answered Slosson in the same second. He fired at the huddle of men in the bow of the boat and one of them pitched forward with his arms outspread.

"Keep back, you!" he said, and dropped off the cabin roof.

His promptness had bred a momentary panic, then Slosson's bull-like voice began to roar commands; but in that brief instant of surprise and shock Carrington had found and withdrawn the wooden peg that fastened the cabin door. He had scarcely done this when Slosson came tramping aft supported by the three men.

Calling to Betty and Hannibal to escape in the skiff which was towing astern the Kentucklan rushed toward the bow. At his back he heard the door creak on its hinges as it was pushed open by Betty and the boy, and again he called to them to escape by the skiff. The fret of the current had grown steadily and from beneath the wide-flung branches of the trees which here met above his head, Carrington caught sight of the star-specked arch of the heavens beyond. They were issuing from the bayou. He felt the river snatch at the keel boat, the buffeting of some swift eddy, and saw the blunt bow swing off to the south as they were plunged into the black shore shadows.

But what he did not see was a big muscular hand which had thrust itself out of the impenetrable gloom and clutched the side of the keel boat. Coincident with this there arose a perfect babel of voices, high-pitched and shrill.

"Sho'—I bet it's him! Sho'—it's Uncle Bob's nevvy! Sho', you can hear 'em! Sho', they're shootin' guns! Sho'!"

Carrington cast a hurried glance in the direction of these sounds. There between the boat and the shore the dim outline of a raft was taking shape. It was now canopied by a wealth of pale gray smoke that faded from before his eyes as the darkness lifted.

The light increased. From the flat stone hearth of the raft ascended a tall column of flame which rendered visible six pigmy figures, tow-headed and wonderfully vocal, who were toiling like mad at the huge sweeps. The light showed more than this. It showed a lady of plump and pleasing presence smoking a cob-pipe while she fed the fire from a tick stuffed with straw. It showed two bark shanties, a line between them decorated with the never-ending Cavendish wash. It showed a rooster perched on the ridge-pole of one of these shanties in the very act of crowing lustily.

Hannibal, who had climbed to the roof of the cabin, shrieked for help, and Betty added her voice to his.

"All right, Nevvy!" came the cheerful reply, as Yancy threw himself over the side of the boat and grappled with Slosson.

"Uncle Bob! Uncle Bob!" cried Hannibal.

Slosson uttered a cry of terror. He had a simple but sincere faith in the supernatural, and even with the Scratch Hiller's big hands gripping his throat, he could not rid himself of the belief that this was the ghost of a murdered man.

"You'll take a dog's licking from me, neighbor," said Yancy grimly. "I been saving it fo' you!"

Meanwhile Mr. Cavendish, whose proud spirit never greatly inclined him to the practice of peace, had prepared for battle. Springing aloft he knocked his heels together.

"Whoop! I'm a man as can slide down a thorny locust and never get scratched!" he shouted. This was equivalent to setting his triggers; than he launched himself nimbly and with enthusiasm into the thick of the fight. It was Mr. Bunker's unfortunate privilege to sustain the onslaught of the Earl of Lambeth.

The light from the Cavendish hearth continued to brighten the scene, for Polly was recklessly sacrificing her best straw tick. Indeed her behavior was in every way worthy of the noble alliance she had formed. Her cob-pipe was not suffered to go out and with Connie's help she kept the six small Cavendishes from risking life and limb in the keel boat, toward which they were powerfully drawn. Despite these activities she found time to call to Betty and Hannibal on the cabin roof.

"Jump down here; that ain't no fittin' place for you-all to stop in with them gentlemen fightin'!"

An instant later Betty and Hannibal stood on the raft with the little Cavendishes flocking about them. Mr. Yancy's quest of his nevvy had taken an enduring hold on their imagination. For weeks it had constituted their one vital topic, and the fight became merely a satisfying background for this interesting restoration.

"Sho', they'd got him! Sho'—he wa'n't no bigger than Richard! Sho'!"

"Oh!" cried Betty, with a fearful glance toward the keel boat. "Can't you stop them?"

"What fo'?" asked Polly, opening her black eyes very wide. "Bless yo' tender heart!—you don't need to worry none, we got them strange gentlemen licked like they was a passel of children! Connie, you-all mind that fire!"

She accurately judged the outcome of the fight. The boat was little better than a shambles with the havoc that had been wrought there when Yancy and Carrington dropped over its side to the raft. Cavendish followed them, whooping his triumph as he came.

CHAPTER XXIX.

The Raft Again.

Yancy and Cavendish threw themselves on the sweeps and worked the raft clear of the keel boat, then the turbulent current seized the smaller craft and whirled it away into the night; as its black bulk receded from before his eyes the Earl of Lambeth spoke with the voice of authority and experience.

"It was a good fight and them fellows done well, but not near well enough." A conclusion that could not be gainsaid. He added, "No one ain't hurt but them that had ought to have got hurt. Mr. Yancy's all right, and so's Mr. Carrington—who's mighty welcome here."

"Mr. Carrington's kin to me, Polly," explained Yancy to Mrs. Cavendish. His voice was far from steady, for Hannibal had been gathered into his arms and had all but wrecked the stoic calm with which the Scratch Hiller was seeking to guard his emotions.

Polly smiled and dimpled at the Kentucklan. Trained to a romantic point of view she had a frank liking for handsome, stalwart men. Cavendish was neither, but none knew better than Polly that where he was most lacking in appearance he was richest in substance. He carried scars honorably earned in those differences he had been prone to cultivate with less generous natures; for his scheme of life did not embrace the millennium.

"Thank God, you got here when you did!" said Carrington.

"We was some pushed fo' time, but we done it," responded the earl modestly. He added, "What now?—do we make a landing?"

"No—unless it interferes with your plans not to. I want to get around the next bend before we tie up. Later we'll all go back. Can I count on you?"

"You shorely can. I consider this here as sociable a neighborhood as I ever struck. It pleases me well. Folks are up and doing hereabout."

Carrington looked eagerly around in search of Betty. She was sitting on an upturned tub, a pathetic enough figure as she drooped against the wall of one of the shanties with all her courage quite gone from her. He made his way quickly to her side.

"La!" whispered Polly in Chills and Fever's ear. "If that pore young thing yonder keeps a widow it won't be because of any encouragement she gets from Mr. Carrington. If I ever seen marriage in a man's eye I seen it in his this minute!"

"Bruce!" cried Betty, starting up as Carrington approached. "Oh, Bruce, I am so glad you have come—you are not hurt?" She accepted his presence without question.

"We are none of us hurt, Betty," he said gently, as he took her hand.

He saw that the suffering she had undergone during the preceding twenty-four hours had left its record on her tired face and in her heavy eyes. She retained a shuddering consciousness of the unchecked savagery of those last moments on the keel boat; she was still hearing the oaths of the men as they struggled together, the sound of blows, and the dreadful silences that had followed them. She turned from him, and there came the relief of tears.

"There, Betty, the danger is over now and you were so brave while it lasted. I can't bear to have you cry!"

"I was wild with fear—all that time on the boat, Bruce—" she faltered between her sobs. "I didn't know but they would find you out. I could only wait and hope—and pray!"

"I was in no danger, dear. Didn't the girl tell you I was to take the place of a man Slosson was expecting? He never doubted that I was that man until a light—a signal it must have been—on the shore at the head of the bayou betrayed me."

"Where are we going now, Bruce? Not the way they went—" and Betty glanced out into the black void where the keel boat had merged into the gloom.

"No, no—but we can't get the raft back up-stream against the current, so the best thing is to land at the Bates' plantation below here; then as soon as you are able we can return to Belle Plain," said Carrington.

There was an interval broken only by the occasional sweep of the great steering oar as Cavendish coaxed the raft out toward the channel. The thought of Charley Norton's murder rested on Carrington like a pall. Scarcely a week had elapsed since he quitted Thicket Point, and in that week the hand of death had dealt with them impartially, and to what end? Then the miles he had traversed in his hopeless journey up-river translated themselves into a division of time as well as space. They were just as much further removed from the past with its blight of tragic terror. He turned and glanced at Betty. He saw that her eyes held their steady look of wistful pity that was for the dead man; yet in spite of this, and in spite of the bounds beyond which he would not let his imagination carry him, the future, enriched with sudden promise, unfolded itself. The deep sense of recovered hope stirred within him. He knew there must come a day when he would dare to speak of his love, and she would listen.

"It's best we should land at Bates' place—we can get teams there," he went on to explain. "And, Betty, wherever we go we'll go together, dear. Cavendish doesn't look as if he had any very urgent business of his own, and I reckon the same is true of Yancy, so I am going to keep them with us. There are some points to be cleared up when we reach Belle Plain—some folks who'll have a lot to explain or else quit this part of the state! And I intend to see that you are not left alone until—until I have the right to take care of you for good and all—that's what you want me to do one of these days, isn't it, darling?" and his eyes, glowing and infinitely tender, dwelt on her upturned face.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

He Launched Himself Nimbly and With Enthusiasm Into the Fight.

FLAREBACK FOR SCARED GIRL

When Man She Accused Told His Story Four Were Jailed

FOR ARSON AND ROBBERY

Rosa Barnes, Her Brother William, and Two Other Men Arrested on Charge of Burglary—Store Was Set Afire.

Waynesboro.—A flare-back to a frightened girl's accusation added to the arrest of Roy Robinson those of the young woman, Rosa Barnes, her brother William, and Ralph Fentemacher, on charges of burglarizing Frieden Bros'. store, and of arson in connection with that deed. Rosa claims to have beaten out the flames when Robinson, as she says, to gain entrance, tried to burn a hole in the store shutter and set it afire. Robinson was arrested, but he promptly confessed that he had been implicated only, and that the girl and the other two now under arrest were participants in the robbery. Three were brought to jail. The glare of flames and the danger of burning the building caused the girl to lose her nerve and make the information against Robinson, who retaliated by turning State's evidence. Fentemacher is also being held without bail on the charge of setting fire to the barn in Burns Hill Cemetery last month. The Barnes girl and her brother are charged by Robinson with also being implicated in the robbery of the stationery store of Willis A. Hess. A bushel basket of the articles stolen from the Hess store was found in the cellar of the Snively Building, where Barnes and his sister spent their nights. Barnes was found guilty of breaking the game laws in 1903, but sentence was suspended. In 1908 he was indicted for setting fire to timber land, but the case was nolle prossed. In 1909 he pleaded guilty to larceny and was sent to the Huntingdon Reformatory, released on parole, and rearraigned.

Saved by Swift Runs.

Coatesville.—Lee Brown and Howard Archie, colored, are in the hospital in a precarious condition as a result of two cutting affrays in the negro settlement. Brown's assailant, David Hudson, colored, was arrested by his brother-in-law, Policeman Albert Burrell, but Calvin Smith, colored, who attacked Archie, escaped. Smith slashed Archie across the stomach, inflicting a gash ten inches in length and a quarter of an inch deep. The fire horses were attached to the ambulance, and a fast run made to the hospital saved Archie, as several small arteries had been severed. Brown and Hudson were wrestling. Brown got the better of Hudson, and the latter, becoming angry, stabbed Brown in the side, close to his heart. Washington Fire Company made another record-breaking run to the hospital.

Will Try to Save Desperado.

Lancaster.—Jerry Green, a Welsh Mountain desperado, who has served half a dozen terms for serious offenses, recently got into another scrape, and was sent to jail for two years. On request of the Rev. Mr. Hagler, who conducts a mission on the Welsh Mountains, Green has been paroled in the minister's charge.

Fall of Slate Kills Miner.

Altoona.—A fall of slate in a Pennsylvania coal and coke mine, at Patton, killed Charles Shunk Wiler, aged 43, and probably fatally injured his brother John, aged 41. Charles was crushed under many tons of rock. John was struck on the back and his spinal column dislocated.

Boy Victim of Meningitis.

Shamokin.—Robert Weir, 14 years, returned home from school five days ago and laid on a lounge, apparently falling asleep. His parents could not wake him nor could a number of physicians. He remained comatose until he died from spinal meningitis.

Deer Break Their Necks.

Stroudsburg.—Three deer crossed the golf links in front of William Eilenberger's residence, and running into William H. Truslow's hen yard when chased by dogs, two of them broke their necks by dashing against the wire fence.

Argument, Blows and Arrest.

Chester.—Peter Dyche, former member of the police department in Poland, was before Alderman Holt, charged with assault on Anthony Pryrock, who alleges that Dyche struck him a stinging blow in the face during an argument. Dyche was held in $300.

Women Shoplifters Jailed.

Bloomsburg.—Overruling President Judge Evans, who believed their offense merited a more severe punishment, Associate Judges Krickbaum and Hauck directed that Mrs. Martin Brobst and Mrs. Cora Hauck, of Hemlock township, who pleaded guilty of larceny, be sent to jail for four months and fined 6 cents and costs each. The women confessed to having stolen hundreds of dollars' worth of merchandise from seven Bloomsburg stores, and declared they had been led to crime by seeing others successful.

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1912

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Methodist—Sprucetown, evening, revival services.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening,

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Evangelical Association—Tusseyville, morning; Linden Hall, revival services every evening this week.

United Evangelical—Lemont, morning; Linden Hall, afternoon; Egg Hill, evening. The special meetings began Tuesday night will continue for several weeks.

Is there any one who believes the "repairs" on Main street will amount to shucks?

Newspapers throughout the state are extending the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad from Lemont to Tyrone, but to date the Pennsy has not made much of a move to do so. The road will undoubtly come in time, but perhaps not as soon as most of us wish it.

One of the well defined laws of good road building is that to fill "mud puddles" the same class of material should be used as that of which the main road is built. If a "puddle" in an earth road is filled with stones, in time there will be two puddles—one on either side of the original "puddle". If the "puddle" is filled with earth, the material will adjust itself, level up.

It is not only in Pennsylvania that big ballots are in vogue, for a sample ballot forwarded by William B. Kerr, of Omaha, Nebraska, is conclusive evidence that that State has one on the Keystone. The Nebraska ballot is a streamer and measures just exactly eight feet long by six inches wide. The ballot has the circle for party voting, and the general form of the printed matter is much like that used in this state.

The numerous dips in the main street through Centre Hall are being filled with hand broken stones. The result will be added misery for every one who must pass over it. The only solution to the problem is to remove the clay gravel and begin building on the original foundation, which is a good firm roadbed in most sections. The Reporter very much regrets to be obliged to offer these criticisms, but it ought to dawn on the borough council at some time that it is due the people to expend their money in some way so there would at least be some return.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Maggie Krape is not improving at this writing.

Mable Crouse and gentleman friend, of Sunbury, spent a few days here.

Misses Albright and Jennie Gramley, of Millheim, were seen in town.

Mr. Harvey Corman, Esq., and wife, of Reberaburg, were the very welcome guests of Effie Weaver.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bowersox, of Senor, spent a week with their aged parents, at the chapel.

Mr. and Mrs. George McCormick and little son William, of Potters Mills, spent the Sabbath under the parental roof.

Verna Fisher, of Mackeyville, who was staying at Walter Orwig's home, is now at the home of John Stoner, Sr., in Millheim.

Miss Beckie Snyder, has returned home after spending a few weeks with her cousin Mrs. Kriegbaum, at Avis, and other places.

Albert Mingle, one of the jolly boys who is greatly missed among his many friends, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Herbert Hosterman, at Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. James Roush, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Crouse took a trip on Sunday to Penn Hall, and visited Mrs. Roush's brother James Condo. The trip was made in Mr. Crouse's auto.

Dr. J. F. D. Bowersox veterinary surgeon, connected with the University of Pennsylvania, and son, John, came to town on Monday evening and was greeted by his parents and many warm friends here.

Mr. Wood, of Boalsburg, spent a week with his daughters—Mrs. Kreamer, and Mrs. Alfred Johnson. James Klinger and wife and sons, of Youngwood, were also entertained at Mrs. Johnson's home.

The next number of the Centre Hall lecture course will be Friday evening, 13th inst., when Dr. Guy Carlton Lee will lecture.

66 DEER SLAUGHTERED

(Continued from first page.)

hunters, from State College.

Walter D. Ludwig, with headquarters in Boalsburg, is the forester on the Bear Meadows sections. His field of operations begins on the east of the Bear Meadows and extends to Charter Oak in Huntingdon county a distance of about thirteen miles. Mr. Ludwig reports these successful hunters:

Rileys	4
Coatesville	2
Reitz	1
Shingletown	2
Fosters	3
Charter Oak	3
Loop	2
Total	17

The section of state reservation cared for by John W. Seltzer, who lives at Coburn, lies east and south of that village and extends well into Union county. There were twenty-four deer killed in his bailiwick and five bears, making his field the most productive for game. Four of the five bears were killed by the Wingart-Rote party, and the fifth bear by Snydertown hunters. The names of the hunting parties and the number of bucks killed by each follow:

Wingard-Rote	4
Coburn	1
Green Brier	3
Daniel Kerstetter	2
Snyder	1
Aaronsburg	1
Cressona	2
Schuylkill Haven	1
Pottsville	1
Mount Carmel	1
Paxinos	1
Snydertown	1
T. Eisenhuth	1
Weikert	1
Woodward Gun Club	2
Penn Hall	1
Total	24

The Regulars of Potters Mills composed of the following: J. S. Auman, J. S. Reish, Thomas Decker, Louis Faust, B. F. Reish, Harry Wilkinson-Lloyd Smith, M. E. Coyle, Perry Krise, Chas. Hackenberg, J. G. Bosl, W. C. Gramley, S. W. Gramley, have four large bucks to their credit. One dressed 210 lbs., one 195 lbs., one 163 lbs., and the smallest dressed 147 lbs.

Dr. Ellis at Spring Mills.

Dr. Charles Calvert Ellis will appear at Spring Mills, on Friday night, December 13th, Grange Hall, as one of the numbers in the Spring Mills lecture course. Dr. Ellis comes highly recommended. One of his recommendations from E. R. Barclay, Superintendent of schools in Huntingdon, classes him with Dr. Fess, Colonel McClure and Henry Watterson in his lecture on Lincoln. The superintendent of schools in Perry county also speaks highly of Dr. Ellis, as does the local press of Bloomsburg. Dr. Schaffer says this of him: "He talks sense is eloquent, and never fails to hold his audience."

Marriage Licenses.

John A. Holderman, Enola
Vergie A. Kaup, State College

Paul Harter, Rush Twp.
Clara Cowher, Philipsburg

Lewis Beichtol, Nittany
Cora Frazier, Centre Hall

A. A. Cromer, Baldwinsville
Eva Crissman, Bellefonte

Therman Wiser, Port Matilda
Sarah E. Woodring, Port Matilda

Christmas Post Cards.

Christmas post cards are on sale at the Reporter office at the popular price of fifteen cents per dozen. Sent by mail, postage paid. Every card is new.

LOCALS

Mrs. L. Ray Morgan, of Philipsburg, is quite ill with rheumatism, a disease she is subject to.

Ellis Shaffer, formerly clerk in Centre and Clearfield hotels, is seriously ill at Madisonburg. He is suffering from pneumonia.

Mrs. Joel Kerstetter, of Laurelton, is in Jefferson hospital, Philadelphia, undergoing treatment. Mrs. Milford Luse, a daughter, of Centre Hall, is taking care of the Kerstetter home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Willism Prince, of Crafton, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Millicent Prince, to Thomas B. Beaver, son of General and Mrs. James A. Beaver of Bellefonte.

The marriage of Miss Mary Irvin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James I. Thompson, will take place at the Thompson home, at Lemont, Wednesday of next week. The groom is Charles Thomas Stahle, Lieutenant Coast Artillery Corps, United States Army. He is a graduate of Pennsylvania State College, and when a student there occasionally called on Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Geary, in Centre Hall, who have received an invitation to the wedding.

John Fretz, proprietor of the Perkiomen Bridge hotel, of near Collegeville; Allen Potter, of Philadelphia; Samuel Boulton, and John Fuhrman, both of Collegeville, are at the home of William J. Mitterling and are looking up small game. Collegeville is the place where Mr. Mitterling sells the many car loads of cattle and cows shipped from Centre Hall, and it was while on these missions to the eastern town that the acquaintance with the gentleman named was formed.

DECEMBER COURT.

F. A. Foreman Made Foreman of Grand Jury.

The December quarter sessions court was called Monday morning. F. A. Foreman, of Gregg township, was made foreman of the grand jury.

In the case of F. S. Dunham, editor of the Howard Hustler vs. George T. Bush, a claim of $132 90 for printing, the jury allowed the full sum with interest.

As the Reporter goes to press, John Taylor, of Colyer, is being tried on the charge of malicious mischief; George W. Zerby, prosecutor.

DEATHS

News of the death of Mrs. R. E Catherman was received at Spring Mills, last week, but no particulars. The death occurred on Thursday. Mrs. Catherman (Catharine Shires) was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Shires, of Scranton, and was aged about thirty years. Her marriage to Mr. Catherman took place about eight years ago, when Mr. Catherman was station agent at Spring Mills, and the Shires family also lived there. They had no children. There survive beside the parents, the husband; one sister, Miss Renna; and two brothers, Wilbur and Drew.

Dr. Charles B. Lietzell, a native of Gregg township, died in a Pittsburg hospital, from softening of the brain. He was a resident of Derry, having left Spring Mills for the Pittsburg district about twenty-seven years ago. His wife, also deceased, was Miss Anna Allen, of Boalsburg.

There survive these brothers and sisters: Mrs. William Pealer, Mrs M. H. Geise, Penn Hall; Mrs. J. D Long, Spring Mills; Philip, Millheim; James, Lena, Illinois; Percival, Belvidere, Illinois; Mrs. Susan Fichthorn, Mannor.

Hops for Register.

Darlington Brown, Milroy
J. W. Brown, Milroy
Bertha Myers, Rochester, N. Y.
F. F. Palmer, Potters Mills
A. Miles Arney, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
B. H. Arney, Centre Hall
Newton Yarnell, Linden Hall
E. Clayton Wagner, Centre Hall
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Burris, Centre Hall
William W. Kerlin, Centre Hall
Daniel Cailhan, Centre Hall
Allen G. Potter, Philadelphia
Henry Mitterling, Centre Hall

Harry Shreckengast and John Ream each killed a sixteen pound wild turkey. They were very fine birds.

Historic Old Hotel.

The Golden Kreuz (Golden Cross) at Regensburg (Ratisbon), in Bavaria, is the oldest hotel in Europe. King Ferdinand I. halted at it on his way to his coronation in 1531, and no other hotel in Europe possesses records of such great antiquity as the Golden Cross at Ratisbon does or can boast of having had so many royal visitors as have enjoyed its hospitality. The existing visitors' books, which date from 1819, contain the names of more than 500 imperial, royal and princely personages. The room is shown where in 1865 the late Prince Bismarck, at that time Prussian premier, slept when he came with his sovereign to hold the conference which was the last attempt to prevent war between Austria and Prussia. The negotiations were held in the "small hall" of the hotel under the presidency of King William of Prussia. The host is equally proud of the autographs of Schiller and other men of letters which he possesses. The author of "William Tell" wrote the words "Und eine heimath ist es" ("It is indeed a home") in memory of his stay there, and no landlord could wish for a better advertisement.—London Telegraph.

Laws of Old Japan.

One of the most striking changes wrought in Japan during the reign of the last Japanese emperor was that brought about by the abolition of the sumptuary laws. Fifty years ago no Japanese could eat a meal, ride in a conveyance or wear a garment without considering whether the law would be offended. Whatever a man's rank he might not have more than two kinds of soup and six of other eatables at his ordinary meals. Minute regulations were in force as to the quantity of liquor allowed at an official banquet, high dignitaries being limited to three cups and those of inferior rank to two. The use of sedan chairs by men was restricted to the aged and sick. A nobleman of the highest rank was not allowed to spend more than $40 on a dress for his wife, and the lower orders had to adjust their dress bills to a scale fixed according to their income.

Saved by a Cipher.

The story is told of how a neatly constructed cipher saved Sir John Trevanion's life. This cavalier was taken prisoner and locked up in Colchester castle to await his execution. On the second day of his confinement the jailer brought him a letter, which, as far as the warder of the castle could discover, was merely a note of condolence from a friend. But the letter had been concocted on a cipher to which Sir John had a clew. Every third letter after a punctuation mark of any kind was to tell. What he made out was this: "Panel at east end of chapel slides." On the following evening the prisoner begged permission to pass a quiet hour in prayer in the chapel. The request was granted, and before the hour had passed the panel had done its work and the bird had flown.

SLEDS OF THE YUKON.

They Are Built to Stand the Hardest Kind of Hard Wear.

The Yukon sled, while not a thing of beauty, is built to stand all kinds of hard wear, or, as the Irishman said, "It will last forever and after that can be used for firewood."

The sled is about eight feet long, is made of any kind of hard wood, lies close to the ground, costs from $10 to $14 and makes a trail sixteen inches in width.

Another pattern is known as the basket sleigh and is to the Yukon sleigh what a three masted schooner is to a coal barge. In length it is from eight to fifteen feet, is made of birch, oak or hickory, cuts a trail twenty-two inches in width, costs from $40 to $200, is raised a foot or more from the runners and in the best examples is lashed together with rawhide.

The basket sleigh, as its name implies, is fitted with a basket, into which the load is placed, and from the back of the basket a pair of handles project, to be used in guiding the sled on the trail. It often happens that a Yukon sled will be fitted with a homemade basket in imitation of its more aristocratic brother.

In very cold weather wooden runners are best, but in ordinary circumstances steel or brass runners are used.—Wide World Magazine.

JUMPING BEANS.

Secret of This Curious Product of the Vegetable World.

The "jumping bean," which is always sure to excite the wonder of those who have not before seen this specimen of the vegetable kingdom, is the product of a small bush which grows in the northern part of Mexico.

Within each blossom are two fertile seeds and a third, which is the home of a small, exceedingly active worm, whose performances are responsible for the queer conduct of the bean. When this worm emerges from its prison it becomes a beautifully colored moth. The seeds of the jumping bean blossom in the month of May. Then the female moth deposits one egg on the pollen of the flower.

As the flower develops it forms a triangular shaped shell on two sides, with a convex shape on the other. Within this the chrysalis develops into a grayish brown worm about one-tenth of an inch in diameter and about one-half an inch in length.

This worm lives inside its cell for a period of six months, or until the middle of November. Then, climatic conditions being favorable, it bores a hole through the end of its shell and flies away as a moth.—New York World.

A desirable gift to a friend—The Centre Reporter for one year.

PAID TO "THINK AHEAD."

The Part Imagination Plays in the Business World.

There is a man in an office in New York whose business it is to think ahead on behalf of the community and prepare for coming events, writes T. Sharper Knowlton in the Century, discussing "The Uses of Imagination In Business." He sits at a big table, and before him is a map of New York with its environs by land and sea. The problem is to determine what shipping accommodation will be required in the future and to begin the work of reconstruction now. During the last century the story was one of growth, growth, growth, and the story is to be continued. How? That is the question which the man with the map has to settle. He is not on piecework; he is paid for thinking. In other words, whatever his official title may be, I shall call him acting professor of imagination to the shipping interests of New York.

In every progressive house of business there is or ought to be a similar officer. Generally he is the principal himself. That is one reason why he divides his business into departments and pays men high salaries to superintend them. He wants time to think.

But the farseeing element in imagination is not the only one. There is one which concerns itself with details. If I might say so, imagination is telescopic for big things and microscopic for small things. You can imagine a billion dollar trust and you can imagine a new way of pointing a needle. Probably no man makes a sure advance without using both instruments, but the essential work of the imagination is always the same. It creates the things which are not. Judgment passes its verdict, and action brings realization.

Unfortunate Omission.

One of the most singular instances of punishment for an oversight was that shown by the commitment of an almanac maker to the Bastille in 1717. It was made out by order of the Duke of Orleans, regent during the minority of Louis V. of France, and read as follows: "Laurence d'Henry, for disrespect to King George I. in not mentioning him in his almanac as king of Great Britain." How long this unlucky almanac maker remained in prison is unknown. The register of the Bastille, examined at the time of the revolution, failed to throw any light on the subject.

He Died Anyhow.

This was the way a native physician in India filled out a death certificate: "I am of a mind that he died (or lost his life) for want of foodings or on account of starvation. Maybe also for other things or comfortables, and most probably he died by drowning."

"WANETD" AND "FOR SALE" ADVS.

FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale a heavy spring wagon. Will be sold cheap. W. H. RUNKLE, Centre Hall, Pa.

COLT FOR SALE—Seven months old horse colt is offered for sale by the undersigned. Call Bell 'phone 7—23, Spring Mills. WITMER E. LEE, Potters Mills, Pa.

FOR SALE—One horse wagon, in good condition, medium weight. Also, new cook stove, used but one year; medium size.—H. J. MUELLER, Forester, Nittany Mountain, P. O. Address, Bellefonte (2t)

LOST—On Main street, between my home and Emery's store, a gold horseshoe stick pin, about the size of a dollar. Finder please return to EDNA MURRAY, Centre Hall, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE—Any one wishing the services of a professional nurse is requested to communicate with the undersigned. Am a graduate of Rochester, N. Y., Hospital. Call 76-11 Bell Telephone, or address—BERTHA MYERS, Centre Hall, Pa. (6 59)

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE. The undersigned offers at private sale a farm containing 120 acres, all under cultivation, situate along the Lewisburg & Bellefonte R. R., one mile west of Millmont, Union county, Pa. The land and buildings are in first class condition. Fifteen acres of wood land will be sold with the farm. Terms and conditions of sale will be made easy. Address: JOHN W. LINCOLN, Executor, Estate of Anna M. Lincoln, Mifflinburg, Pa. 6 49.

Sale Register.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 12:30 p. m., two and one half miles north of Spring Mills, by Solomon Lingle: Two work horses, two suckling colts, 4 cows, 3 Holstein bulls, 3 heifers, 3 young steers, 3 heifers old from spring, 2 brood sows, 9 pigs.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, AT 12:30 O'CLOCK, one fourth mile south of Red Mill, by Mrs. Annie Black. Three horses, 5 cows, 8 young cattle, 2 brood sows, full line of farming implements, and many other articles. L. F. Mayes, auctioneer.

We wish to call your attention to the fact that most infectious diseases such as whooping cough, diphtheria and scarlet fever are contracted when the child has a cold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will quickly cure a cold and greatly lessen the danger of contracting these diseases. This remedy is famous for its cures of colds. It contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given to a child with implicit confidence. Sold by all dealers. adv.

Not

crude, compressed gas, but refined, distilled gasoline—call for

Waverly Gasolines

Power Without Carbon

FREE—320 page book—all about oil.

WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

LAMP OILS LUBRICANTS

GIVE GOODHART GIFTS

And You Are Sure to Give Good Gifts

Goodhart Gifts are useful, durable, lasting remembrances. Nothing could be more appropriate for anyone than a piece of good, useful furniture, a sweeper, a picture, or one hundred and one better things that may be found in this Gift Store.

SHOP EARLY: Come in and pick the article you want and we will hold it for you until Christmas. Don't wait till the last day or two--buy while the stocks are large and complete.

Most For the Money -- That's Here

F. V. Goodhart

CENTRE HALL, PA.

HUNTER DIES ON WATCH.

H. M. Krebs Found Dead by His Companions After Being on Guard for Half an Hour.

Henry M. Krebs, a wagon maker of Pine Grove Mills, was found dead in the Seven Mountains by his companion hunters on Thursday. He had been stationed on a crossing, and when the chasers came to his post, their calls brought no answer. After a brief search he was found lying face downward, and on turning him over was discovered to be dead. Only about a half hour lapsed between the time of separating and the finding of the dead body. The gun had been stacked against a tree. It is evident that death was caused by paralysis, he having suffered facial paralysis about two years ago. He was brought to his home by Dr. J. Baker Krebs, and Frank Bailey, on Thursday evening

The funeral was held on Monday forenoon, and interment was made at Pine Grove Mills. The officiating minister was Rev. W. K. Harnish, pastor of the Presbyterian church, of which church the deceased was a member, assisted by L. Stoy Spangler. There survive a wife (Adda Sasserman) and three children, namely, Lucy, Catharine and Maudella. The brothers and sisters surviving are Dr. J. B. Krebs, Northumberland; Milton T. Krebs, Mrs. Olive Roush, and Mrs. Ira Bailey, all of Pine Grove Mills.

Lad Fell Into Hot Lard.

On Friday of last week, Harry Haney, a lad of five years, made a narrow escape of his life. The youth, full of activity, was on the scene when his grandfather, C. J. Finkle, of Spring Mills, was butchering, and was observing all the operations. Toward evening a kettle of lard was taken from the fire and set aside to cool before rendering it, and in some manner the boy fell backwards into the kettle. The grandfather, ever watchful, was close at hand, and observing the youth had lost his balance, caught him in time to avoid sinking deep into the boiling lard, but not soon enough to prevent serious burns on his back. The clothing was quickly removed, and Dr. H. S. Braucht sent for, who dressed the burns, and now the child is getting along spendidly.

Harry is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Haney, who also live at Spring Mills.

Spring Mills.

Mrs. Mary Breon went to Mill Hall for several weeks.

Miss Anna Cummings went to Mill Hall on Saturday, and will be gone for a few weeks.

Little daughters came to gladden the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Shook, last week; and Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Wagner.

Ralph Bartges, who spent a few weeks with his father at Akron, Ohio, has returned to his uncle, C. C. Bartges, for the winter.

Mrs. Emma Hazel is at Madisonburg helping to care for her sick brother, Ellis Schaffer, who is very ill with pneumonia.

C. E. Royer, S. G. Walker, and H. B. Herring, auditors for Gregg township, met on Tuesday to audit the accounts of the township.

Word was received on Friday of the death of Dr. Charles Leitzell, of Derry, who died in the hospital at Pittsburgh, of softening of the brain.

Misses Sara Fisher and Miriam Long, students at the West Chester, and Selinsgrove institutions of learning, spent Thanksgiving at their homes.

The community was very sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. Katherine Catherman, of Scranton. She was the oldest daughter of Michael Shires, and was born and raised in this vicinity. The family have the sympathy of their many friends.

Potters Mills

Clayton McKinney and friend were here from Altoona last week hunting.

Miss Annie Love is slowly improving from the effects of a fall.

J. A. Slack will make sale of stock and implements December 24th.

G. H. McCormick and family visited in Aaronsburg Saturday and Sunday.

Clyde Bible spent part of his Thanksgiving vacation with relatives here.

Rev. J. Max Lantz will begin revival services at Sprucetown on Sunday evening.

J. F. McCoy has returned to Philadelphia after spending several weeks at his father's home.

Mrs. Jane Musser is visiting her sister, Mrs. Slack, at her home near Red Mill.

"The Regulars" returned on Saturday from their two weeks hunt with four nice bucks.

Michael Croyle is here from Philadelphia. He came for a few days hunting with the Regulars.

Mrs. Corman and child, of near Milesburg, spent Sunday with Mrs. Catharine Armstrong.

W. W. McCormick and Wife left for Scranton on Monday to attend the funeral of their niece, Mrs. Catherman.

When you have a bilious attack give Chamberlain's Tablets a trial. They are excellent. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Some Popular Quotations.

In spite of Scott's popularity few people remember that from "Old Mortality" we have "a sea of upturned faces," and Byron is never thanked for "flesh and blood can't bear it." The "most humorous and least exemplary of British parsons" is known to have thought "they order things better in France" and "God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb," but we seldom credit him with "I saw the iron enter into his soul." Yet that keen image of grief, so often on our lips, may also be found in the "Sentimental Journey." Cowper is comparatively little read, the immortal "John Gilpin" always excepted. Therefore we may be forgiven if the source of "hand and glove" or "her dear 500 friends" has slipped our memories. The same may be said of Rogers' "To know her was to love her," Congreve's "Married in haste and repent at leisure," Farquhar's "Over the hills and far away" and Southey's "March of intellect." Sir Philip Sidney, who was poet, philosopher and, best of all, hero, should share a better fate. How many can tell that it was he who first said in English, "God helps those who help themselves?"—Cornhill Magazine.

Flowers Instead of Boots.

M. Max Reinhardt, the famous producer of wordless plays, endured poverty in his youth, and of those lean years many stories are extant.

"Once in Berlin," said a German actor, "Reinhardt, who was playing with me in a cheap stock company, turned up at the theater with a magnificent mauve orchid in his buttonhole and on his feet a pair of atrocious boots with their soles tied on by means of twine.

"I ventured to take Reinhardt to task.

"'Tut, tut!' I said. 'To wear a costly flower like that, along with such shocking boots!'

"Reinhardt frowned and answered contemptuously:

"'For $3 I could buy a pair of commonplace, machine made boots in any shop in town, but for the same sum I can get at a florist's whom I alone know three of these marvelously beautiful orchids.'"

Funny Blunders.

The following is surely the funniest vote of thanks uttered for a long time. The speaker with evidently the best intentions in the world nervously floundered along through various sentences complimentary to the lecturer and finally flickered out feebly thus: "And so I propose a vote of thanks for the lecture to which we have so ably listened." The audience was so wearied that it did not notice the fatuous remark, and only the lecturer smiled.

It is fit to be placed beside another muddle headed sentence made in conversation to a north London clergyman. A man had been pressing his views energetically on a certain question when suddenly he paused and, looking at the clergyman, said briskly, "And now, sir, what is your humble opinion?"—London Tit-Bits.

Indian Names.

The finest Indian names are those which belong to the cloud clan. All these names are derived from meteorological phenomena. They are the hardest of names to translate from Indian into English. The great cloud clan Sioux, whose name was really Eclipse, was always known to the whites as Hole-in-the-Day. A certain cloud clan girl, whose name was derived from the beautiful phenomenon of the slow advance of the approaching raincloud, was known to the whites as Walking Rain—a pretty name, but one requiring explanation to a tenderfoot.—Exchange.

Old Times In New York.

In 1789 New York city maintained an official who would whip a servant, either free or slave, for the master, charging a shilling for the job. Petty thieves were branded for life with a "T" on the cheek. Mrs. Johanna Young and another woman convicted of grand larceny were driven all over the city in an open cart, then stripped to the waist and given thirty-nine lashes apiece in public and then banished. "whereupon," says the record, "they went to Philadelphia."

Neglect and Cruelty.

"So you want a divorce?" said the lawyer.

"Yes," replied the woman with tear-stained cheeks. "He has been guilty of neglect and cruelty."

"In what respects?"

"He neglected to feed the bird while I was away and he says the cruelest things he can think of about Fido."—Washington Star.

His Choice.

"Are you fond of music?" asked a stranger of the young man at the concert who was applauding vigorously after a pretty girl had sung in a very painful way.

"Not particularly," said the young man frankly, "but I'm exceedingly fond of the musician."

In After Years.

Smith—When Green was courting that young widow a couple of years ago he declared he couldn't live without her. Jones—And did he marry her? Smith—Yes. And now he is trying to get a divorce on the grounds that it's impossible to live with her.—Exchange.

Quite Different.

He—But I thought you'd forgiven me for that and promised to forget it? She—Yes; but I didn't promise to let you forget I'd forgiven it.

The noblest motive is the public good.
—Virgil.

Speed of a Hare.

Some motorists in the Belfast Northern Whig tell a very interesting story that illustrates how fast a hare can run. At a certain part of the tour the way ran straight for about two miles, with banks and hedges on either side. Just about the beginning of this stretch a hare started out from the side and dashed along in front, right in the center of the road. Its ears were laid back, but every few seconds it raised first one ear and then the other, evidently to hear if the great racing enemy was coming too near. The speed of the motor was increased until it reached twenty-six or twenty-seven miles an hour. If increased further it would have run down the hare. The race continued for almost a mile and a half. At last an open gate into a field appeared, and through this the animal dashed. The motor was slowed down, and from the slope of the road the men could see the hare running at full speed right across the large field. Evidently it had not been tired by its mighty efforts to keep ahead of the automobile.

The Famous Old Willow Ware.

You may know a plate of old willow ware by this decoration: On the right there is a mandarin's country seat. In the foreground there should be a pavilion, in the background an orange tree and to the right a peach tree. The place is inclosed by a fence, and through the estate there should wander a brook, and in this brook there is an island high at the left side, with a cottage on it. Over the brook there is a bridge, and on it there should be three figures. The willow tree, the famous willow tree, is at one end and a gardener's cottage at the other. Two birds are high in the air above the picture. The whole is supposed to tell the romance of the mandarin's daughter, who is one of the figures on the bridge. The others are her lover and the mandarin himself. The birds are turtledoves, into which the lovers were changed by the gods that they might escape the wrath of Father Mandarin, who pursued them.

A Poet's Homely Face.

The poet Rogers was afflicted with a notably unpleasant, cadaverous countenance, which, with all his intellectual power, was a mortification to him. To hide his annoyance he joked about his ugliness incessantly and deceived his friends into supposing him indifferent to it. He once turned to Sydney Smith, who, with Byron and Moore, was dining with him, and said:

"Chantrey wants to perpetuate this miserable face of mine. What pose would you suggest that I should take?"

"If you really wish to spare the world as much as possible," said the wit, "I would, if I were you, be taken at my prapers, my face buried in my hands."

Rogers laughed with the other persons present, but he shot a malignant glance at the jester and, it is said, never fully forgave him for the bonmot.

A Primitive Partnership.

There are three partners in a boat in a Yorkshire fishing village who will not accept a check because the bank is too far away. They have two miles to walk to get their money orders cashed. Only one of the three is able to read and write, and he draws the money, and then the three sit at a table and divide it.

"One for yow," says the leader, and places a sovereign in front of one partner. "One for thee"—and another sovereign is put in front of the other partner. "And one for me"—and he places another at his own corner.

And so he goes on, "One for yow, one for thee, and one for me," until the sovereigns are equally shared, then the silver and even the pence are divided in the same way.—London Mail.

His First Chance.

A certain railway magnate is anxious to have his young son acquire a working knowledge of husbandry, including the art of carving, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. The other day the youngster had a practical lesson when asked to preside at the table and distribute a roast chicken.

He gave his mother a drumstick and the next to his father. Each of the sisters he helped to a wing. And then he sliced up pretty nearly all the breast for himself.

"It's my first chance to get all the white meat I want," he said, "and I'm just going to try how it tastes."

Strange Young Man.

"Didn't I see your daughter with a strange young man last night?"

"You certainly did. When he asked daughter to go with him for some ice cream he asked her mother to go along, and he went home at 10 o'clock without any hints, and he wears sane socks and doesn't seem to think he knows it all. He certainly is a strange young man!"—Houston Post.

Gallant.

"That pen will never come to perfection," remarked a young woman walking through a garden with Sydney Smith.

"Then let me lead perfection to the pen," said he, gallantly offering her his arm.

Where to Get It.

"A simple look is all I crave," said the sentimental young man to the heiress.

"Then you'd better consult your mirror," she replied tartly.

Not Either as Yet.

"Er—I want some sort of a present for a young lady."

"Sweetheart or sister?"

"Er—why, she hasn't said which she will be yet."

Gifts That Delight the Man

SUGGESTIONS

the wide variety you can only know by seeing.
Each gift appropriately boxed for Christmas.

New Neckwear
Wide variety of colorings, 25c to $2

Sweaters
All wool, in roll collars and plain coat styles. $1.50 to $8

Gloves
Unlined and lined, in mochas, buckskins, real cape and kid. Fleeced and fur lined. 50c to $4

Pure Silk Stockings
in all colors. 50c

Shirts
Winter quality, fine feel and luster. 50c up to $2

Umbrellas
in various handles and fabrics. $1 to $5

Handkerchiefs
Plain and initial, silk and linen.

Raincoats
to resist severest storms. $5 to $25

Bath Robes
in soft, comfortable wool or towling. $4 to $10

Cuff Buttons & Tie Pins
25c up to $1

Many other Gifts, too numerous to mention.
GIVE US A CALL

Montgomery & Co.
BELLEFONTE

A Des Moines man had an attack of muscular rheumatism in his shoulder. A friend advised him to go to Hot Springs. That meant an expense of $150 00 or more. He sought for a quicker and cheaper way to cure it and found it in Chamberlain's Liniment. Three days after the first application of this liniment he was well. For sale by all dealers. adv.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Forty-ninth Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 18th day of August, 1912, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the

FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER

being the second day of December, 1912, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 2nd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 18th day of October in the year of our Lord, 1912, and the one hundred and thirty-sixth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Bellefonte, Oct. 18, 1912.

APPLICATION FOR LIQUOR LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed petitions for license in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for the County of Centre, and that said applications will be presented to the Court on Saturday, December 14th, 1912. Said License to compute for one year from the first day of April, 1913.

TAVERN LICENSE.

W. L. Daggett,	Bellefonte,	West Ward
Horton S. Kay,	"	South Ward
James A. Noonan,	"	" "
Henry Kline,	"	" "
J. McClellan Davis,	"	" "
James W. Runkle,	Centre Hall Boro.	
Aloysius J. Fitzpatrick,	Howard	"
Isaac A. Shawver,	Milheim	"
Jesse R. Clifford,	Philipsburg,	First Ward
W. J. Rapsey,	"	Second Ward
William H. Hindle,	"	" "
Frank McClure,	"	" "
Albert Fasshauer,	"	" "
Harry Washburn,	"	" "
Samuel Rodgers,	"	" "
O'Brien & Bowser,	"	" "
Grebe Brothers & Crago	"	" "
Lawrence Redding,	Snow Shoe Boro.	
John G. Uzzie	"	"
Henry J. Kohlbecker,	Boggs Twp.	Central City
Moses C. Stover,	Gregg "	Spring Mills
Clarence E. Long,	Miles "	Rebersburg
James M. Moyer,	Potter "	Potters Mills
Edward Royer,	" "	Old Fort
Lewis E. Stover,	Penn "	Coburn
Frank W. Hesen,	Rush "	Sandy Ridge
George W. Ricketts,	" "	Cassanova
John M. Kachik,	Snow Shoe Twp.	Clarence

WHOLESALE LIQUOR LICENSE.

Orin Vail,	Philipsburg,	Second Ward
George Parks,	"	" "
James Black,	"	" "
Lawrence Nugent,	Rush Twp.	Cassanova
John Boyce,	Snow Shoe "	Clarence

BREWERS LICENSE.

Philipsburg Brewing Company, Philipsburg, Second Ward

D. R. FOREMAN,
Clerk.

Bellefonte, Pa.,
November 14th, 1912.

Centre Reporter $1 per year in advance.

Cool October Nights

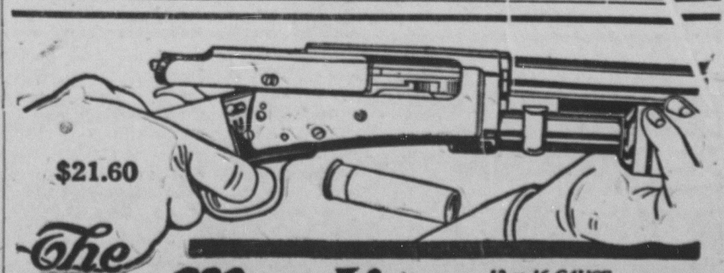
Are made pleasant by Warm Bed Blankets

Just recently we laid in a supply of excellent blankets—some are cotton and others all wool. Come in and inspect the quality of these and be convinced of their "comfortableness" and wearing qualities. Moderately priced, too.

Many New Dress Goods

All shades of Poplin, pretty patterns in Percales and Ginghams, and other dress goods. Outing Flannel in large variety.

KREAMER & SON
Centre Hall, Pa.



The Marlin Repeating Shotgun 12 or 16 GAUGE

Made famous by its dependability. The solid top and side ejection keep gases and powder away from your eyes; help quick, effective repeat shots. Rain, sleet, snow and foreign matter can't get into the action. The mechanism is strong, simple, wear-resisting. The double extractors pull any shell instantly; two special safety devices prevent accidental discharge while action is unlocked, and an automatic recoil block makes hang fires harmless. All Marlins are strongly made, finely balanced, accurate, hard hitting guns, and are the quickest and easiest to take down and clean. Illustration shows Model 24 grade "A" 12 gauge; it has all the features that make for a perfect gun.

Send three stamps postage today for our 136 page catalog describing the full Marlin line.

The Marlin Firearms Co.
42 Willow Street New Haven, Conn.

It pays to reload your shells! Your empty fired shells are the expensive part of factory ammunition. They're as strong and good as new, and it's easy to reload! Merely de-cap and re-cap shell, insert powder, crimp shell on to bullet. You reload 100 .32-40 S. R. cartridges (buying bullets) in ½ hour at total expense 77c.; casting bullets yourself 38c.; new factory cartridges cost $2.52. Free—Ideal Hand Book tells all about reloading all rifle, pistol and shotgun ammunition; 160 pages of valuable information; free for 3 stamps postage. The Marlin Firearms Co., 42 Willow St., New Haven, Conn.

If you are troubled with chronic constipation, the mild and gentle effect of Chamberlain's Tablets makes them especially suited to your case. For sale by all dealers. adv.

FOR SALE—Space for advertising in the Centre Reporter. If you want to advertise do so in a newspaper, not on fences. The Reporter reaches many homes in Penns and Brush Valleys and all other sections of Centre county. Be wise—advertise. THE CENTRE REPORTER, Centre Hall.

RELATIONS WITH OTHER NATIONS

Foreign Affairs Is Subject of Message From President.

IS FIRST ONE OF A SERIES

Merit System in Consular and Diplomatic Corps—Department of State's Good Work for Latin-American Republics.

Washington, Dec. 3.—President Taft submitted to congress today the first of several messages. It was devoted to our foreign relations and in part was as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: The foreign relations of the United States actually and potentially affect the state of the Union to a degree not widely realized and hardly surpassed by any other factor in the welfare of the whole nation. The position of the United States in the moral, intellectual, and material relations of the family of nations should be a matter of vital interest to every patriotic citizen. The national prosperity and power impose upon us duties which we can not shirk if we are to be true to our ideals. The tremendous growth of the export trade of the United States has already made that trade a very real factor in the industrial and commercial prosperity of the country. With the development of our industries the foreign commerce of the United States must rapidly become a still more essential factor in its economic welfare. Whether we have a far-seeing and wise diplomacy and are not recklessly plunged into unnecesary wars, and whether our foreign policies are based upon an intelligent grasp of present-day world conditions and a clear view of the potentialities of the future, or are governed by a temporary and timid expediency or by narrow views befitting an infant nation, are questions in the alternative consideration of which must convince any thoughtful citizen that no department of national polity offers greater opportunity for promoting the interests of the whole people on the one hand, or greater chance on the other of permanent national injury, than that which deals with the foreign relations of the United States.

The fundamental foreign policies of the United States should be raised high above the conflict of partisanship and wholly dissociated from differences as to domestic policy. In its foreign affairs the United States should present to the world a united front. The intellectual, financial and industrial interests of the country and the publicist, the wage earner, the farmer, and citizen of whatever occupation must co-operate in a spirit of high patriotism to promote that national solidarity which is indispensable to national efficiency and to the attainment of national ideals.

The relations of the United States with all foreign powers remain upon a sound basis of peace, harmony and friendship. A greater insistence upon justice to American citizens or interests wherever it may have been denied and a stronger emphasis of the need of mutuality in commercial and other relations have only served to strengthen our friendships with foreign countries by placing those friendships upon a firm foundation of realities as well as aspirations.

Reorganization of the State Department.

At the beginning of the present administration the United States, having fully entered upon its position as a world power, with the responsibilities thrust upon it by the results of the Spanish-American war, and already engaged in laying the groundwork of a vast foreign trade upon which it should one day become more and more dependent, found itself without the machinery for giving thorough attention to, and taking effective action upon, a mass of intricate business vital to American interests in every country in the world.

The department of state was an archaic and inadequate machine lacking most of the attributes of the foreign office of any great modern power. With an appropriation made upon my recommendation by the congress on August 5, 1909, the department of state was completely reorganized. There were created divisions of Latin-American affairs and of far eastern, near eastern, and western European affairs. To these divisions were called from the foreign service diplomatic and consular officers possessing experience and knowledge gained by actual service in different parts of the world and thus familiar with political and commercial conditions in the regions concerned. The work was highly specialized. The result is that where previously this government from time to time would emphasize in its foreign relations one or another policy, now American interests in every quarter of the globe are being cultivated with equal assiduity.

Merit System in Consular and Diplomatic Corps.

Expert knowledge and professional training must evidently be the essence of this reorganization. Without a trained foreign service there would not be men available for the work in the reorganized department of state. President Cleveland has taken the first step toward introducing the merit system in the foreign service. That had been followed by the application of the merit principle, with excellent results, to the entire consular branch. Almost nothing, however, had been done in this direction with regard to the diplomatic service. In this age of commercial diplomacy it was evidently of the first importance to train an adequate personnel in that branch of the service. Therefore, on November 26, 1909, by an executive order I placed the diplomatic service up to the grade of secretary of embassy, inclusive, upon exactly the same strict non-partisan basis of the merit system, rigid examination for appointment and promotion only for efficiency, as had been maintained without exception in the consular service.

Successful Efforts in Promotion of Peace.

In the field of work toward the ideals of peace this government negotiated, but to my regret was unable to consummate, two arbitration treaties which set the highest mark of the aspiration of nations toward the substitution of arbitration and reason for war in the settlement of international disputes. Through the efforts of American diplomacy several wars have been prevented or ended. I refer to the successful tripartite mediation of the Argentine republic, Brazil, and the United States between Peru and Ecuador; the bringing of the boundary dispute between Panama and Costa Rica to peaceful arbitration; the staying of warlike preparations when Hayti and the Dominican republic were on the verge of hostilities; the stopping of a war in Nicaragua; the halting of internecine strife in Honduras. The government of the United States was thanked for its influence toward the restoration of amicable relations between the Argentine republic and Bolivia. The diplomacy of the United States is active in seeking to assuage the remaining ill-feeling between this country and the Republic of Colombia. In the recent Civil war in China the United States successfully joined with the other interested powers in urging an early cessation of hostilities. An agreement has been reached between the governments of Chile and Peru whereby the celebrated Tacna-Arica dispute, which has so long embittered international relations on the west coast of South America, has at last been adjusted. Simultaneously came the news that the boundary dispute between Peru and Ecuador had entered upon a stage of amicable settlement. The position of the United States in reference to the Tacna-Arica dispute between Chile and Peru has been one of non-intervention, but one of friendly influence and pacific counsel throughout the period during which the dispute in question has been the subject of interchange of views between this government and the two governments immediately concerned.

China.

In China the policy of encouraging financial investment to enable that country to help itself has had the result of giving new life and practical application to the open-door policy. The consistent purpose of the present administration has been to encourage the use of American capital in the development of China by the promotion of those essential reforms to which China is pledged by treaties with the United States and other powers. The hypothecation to foreign bankers in connection with certain industrial enterprises, such as the Hukuang railways, of the national revenues upon which these reforms depended, led the department of state early in the administration to demand for American citizens participation in such enterprises, in order that the United States might have equal rights and an equal voice in all questions pertaining to the disposition of the public revenues concerned. The same policy of promoting international accord among the powers having similar treaty rights as ourselves in the matters of reform, which could not be put into practical effect without the common consent of all, was likewise adopted in the case of the loan desired by China for the reform of its currency.

Central America Needs Our Help in

In Central America the aim has been to help such countries as Nicaragua and Honduras to help themselves. They are the immediate beneficiaries. The national benefit to the United States is two-fold. First, it is obvious that the Monroe doctrine is more vital in the neighborhood of the Panama canal and the zone of the Caribbean than anywhere else. There, too, the maintenance of that doctrine falls most heavily upon the United States. It is therefore essential that the countries within that sphere shall be removed from the jeopardy involved by heavy foreign debt and chaotic national finances and from the ever-present danger of international complications due to disorder at home. Hence the United States has been glad to encourage and support American bankers who were willing to lend a helping hand to the financial rehabilitation of such coutries because this financial rehabilitation and the protection of their custom houses from being the prey of would-be dictators would remove at one stroke the menace of foreign creditors and the menance of revolutionary disorder.

The second advantage to the United States is one affecting chiefly all the southern and gulf ports and the business and industry of the south. The republics of Central America and the Caribbean possess great natural wealth. They need only a measure of stability and the means of financial regeneration to enter upon an era of peace and prosperity, bringing profit and happiness to themselves and at the same time creating conditions sure to lead to a flourishing interchange of trade with this country.

I wish to call your especial attention to the recent occurrences in Nicaragua, for I believe the terrible events recorded there during the revolution of the past summer—the useless loss of life, the devastation of property, the bombardment of defenseless cities, the killing and wounding of women and children, the torturing of non-combatants to exact contributions, and the suffering of thousands of human beings—might have been averted had the department of state, through approval of the loan convention by the senate, been permitted to carry out its now well-developed policy of encouraging the extending of financial aid to weak Central American states with the primary objects of avoiding just such revolutions by assisting those republics to rehabilitate their finances, to establish their currency on a stable basis, to remove the custom houses from the danger of revolutions by arranging for their secure administration, and to establish reliable banks.

Agricultural Credits.

A most important work, accomplished in the past year by the American diplomatic officers in Europe, is the investigation of the agricultural credit system in the European countries. Both as a means to afford relief to the consumers of this country through a more thorough development of agricultural resources and as a means of more sufficiently maintaining the agricultural population, the project to establish credit facilities for the farmers is a concern of vital importance to this nation. No evidence of prosperity among well-established farmers should blind us to the fact that lack of capital is preventing a development of the nation's agricultural resources and an adequate increase of the land under cultivation; that agricultural production is fast falling behind the increase in population; and that, in fact, although these well-established farmers are maintained in increasing prosperity because of the natural increase in population, we are not developing the industry of agriculture.

The need of capital which American farmers feel today had been experienced by the farmers of Europe, with ago. The problem had been success- their centuries-old farms, many years fully solved in the old world and it was evident that the farmers of this country might profit by a study of their systems. I therefore ordered, through the department of state, an investigation to be made by the diplomatic officers in Europe, and I have laid the results of this investigation before the governors of the various states with the hope that they will be used to advantage in their forthcoming meeting.

Increase of Foreign Trade.

In my last annual message I said that the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, was noteworthy as marking the highest record of exports of American products to foreign countries. The fiscal year 1912 shows that this rate of advance has been maintained, the total domestic exports having a valuation approximately of $2,200,000,000, as compared with a fraction over $2,000,000,000 the previous year. It is also significant that manufactured and partly manufactured articles continue to be the chief commodities forming the volume of our augmented exports, the demands of our own people for consumption requiring that an increasing proportion of our abundant agricultural products be kept at home. In the fiscal year 1911 the exports of articles in the various stages of manufacture, not including foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured, amounted approximately to $907,500,000. In the fiscal year 1912 the total was nearly $1,022,000,000, a gain of $114,000,000.

Advantage of Maximum and Minimum Tariff Provision.

The importance which our manufactures have assumed in the commerce of the world in competition with the manufactures of other countries again draws attention to the duty of this government to use its utmost endeavors to secure impartial treatment for American products in all markets. Healthy commercial rivalry in international intercourse is best assured by the possession of proper means for protecting and promoting our foreign trade. It is natural that competitive countries should view with some concern this steady expansion of our commerce. If in some instances the measure taken by them to meet it are not entirely equitable, a remedy should be found. In former messages I have described the negotiations of the department of state with foreign governments for the adjustment of the maximum and minimum tariff as provided in section 2 of the tariff law of 1909. The advantages secured by the adjustment of our trade relations under this law have continued during the last year, and some additional cases of discriminatory treatment of which we had reason to complain have been removed. The department of state has for the first time in the history of this country obtained substantial most-favored-nation treatment from all the countries of the world. There are, however, other instances which, while apparently not constituting undue discrimination in the sense of section 2, are nevertheless exceptions to the complete equity of tariff treatment for American products that the department of state consistently has sought to obtain for American commerce abroad.

Necessity for Supplementary Leigslation.

These developments confirm the opinion conveyed to you in my annual message of 1911, that while the maximum and minimum provision of the tariff law of 1909 has been fully justified by the success achieved in removing previously existing undue discriminations against American products, yet experience has shown that this feature of the law should be amended in such way as to prevent a fully effective means of meeting the varying degrees of discriminatory treatment of American commerce in foreign countries still encountered, as well as to protect against injurious treatment on the part of foreign governments, through either legislative of administrative measures, the financial interests abroad of American citizens whose enterprises enlarge the market for American commoditiees.

I can not too strongly recommend to congress the passage of some such enabling measure as the bill which was recommended by the secretary of state in his letter of December 13, 1911. The object of the proposed legislation is, in brief, to enable the executive to apply, as the case may require, to any or all commodities, whether or not on the free list from a country which discriminates against the United States, a graduated scale of duties up to the maximum of 25 per cent. ad valorem provided in the present law. Flat tariffs are out of date.

The message told what the government has done in connection with the Balkan war and in placing the government of Liberia in position to pay its debts. The new condition of affairs in China was set forth, and then our relations with Central and South American governments were set forth in more detail. It concluded as follows:

Congress should fully realize the conditions which obtain in the world as we find ourselves at the threshold of our middle age as a nation. We have emerged full grown as a peer in the great concourse of nations. We have passed through various formative periods. We have been self-centered in the struggle to develop our domestic resources and deal with our domestic questions. The nation is now too mature to continue in its foreign relations those temporary expedients natural to a people to whom domestic affairs are the sole cqncern. In the past our diplomacy has often consisted, in normal times, in a mere assertion of the right to international existence. We are now in a larger relation with broader rights of our own and obligations to others than ourselves. A number of great guiding principles were laid down early in the history of this government. The recent task of our diplomacy has been to adjust those principles to the conditions of today, to develop their corollaries, to find practical applications of the old principles expanded to meet new situations. Thus are being evolved bases upon which can rest the superstructure of policies which must grow with the destined progress of this nation. The successful conduct of our foreign relations demands a broad and a modern view. We can not meet new questions nor build for the future if we confine ourselves to outworn dogmas of the past and to the perspective appropriate at our emergence from colonial times and conditions. The opening of the Panama canal will mark a new era in our international life and create new and world-wide conditions which, with their vast correlations and consequences, will obtain for hundreds of years to come. We must not wait for events to overtake us unawares. With continuity of purpose we must deal with the problems of our external relations by a diplomacy modern, resourceful, magnanimous, and fittingly expressive of the high ideals of a great nation.

WH. H. TAFT.

The White House.
December 3, 1912.

Accomplishing.

It is very important that the young man select his life work early and bend every energy toward accomplishing something. One of the most common causes of failure in this life lies in the fact that men do not see the importance of being thorough until it is too late.—Florence Vidette.

No Escape From Them.

Even when the expected happens there are people who will insist on saying "I told you so."

Desire for Long Life.

There appears to exist a greater desire to live long than to live well! Measure by man's desires, he cannot live long enough; measure by his good deeds, and he has not lived long enough; measure by his evil deeds, and he has lived too long.

Logic of Facts.

"Dukfitz married an optimist." "Why do you think so?" "Any woman would be an optimist who accepted Dukfitz."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Hard Luck.

First Actor—Things didn't seem to work together in your series of dramatic representations.

Second Actor—They didn't. When we played tragedy the box office receipts were a farce, and when we played farce they were a tragedy.—Tatler.

Quite So.

"I beg your pardon," sang out the convict as the governor passed his cell.

Discriminating Sparrows.

An Atchison man planted lettuce, but as fast as it came through the ground the English sparrows ate it off. He finally got a few small flags and stuck them in the lettuce bed and not a sparrow would consent to touch that lettuce as long as Old Glory floated over it.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

Getting the Best of It.

The wisest man would make a good bargain if he could trade off what he knows for what he doesn't know.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsylvania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

Silk mill workers of the anthracite field will be unionized by agents from New England, and higher pay sought.

—

For lack of funds the Allentown School Board will be unable to establish an open-air school.

—

Tag day receipts amounted to $800 toward a maternity ward in the Chambersburg Hospital.

—

A hunter's bullet barely missed striking Mrs. W. H. Peters as she stepped outside the door in Waynesboro.

—

Farmers around Bloomsburg have been working by moonlight to get in the corn crop, anticipating a storm.

—

A new laundry building, costing $25,000, at the Easton Hospital, is completed.

—

The Lehigh Valley station at Mauch Chunk has been refurnished throughout.

—

Property transfers in Allentown last week represented investments of $140,000.

—

Dauber's Mill, a landmark near New Ringgold, has been sold to Benjamin Hollar, of Seibertsville.

—

The late W. Irving Tragle, of Reading, bequeathed to the Home for Friendless Children, Reading, $500.

—

After the first of the year union miners of the Lehigh field will get their buttons quarterly, instead of monthly.

—

Given shelter by Peter Albright, at York, Wesley E. McSwine, an aged fiddler, died suddenly in his host's home.

—

Stepping out of the way of one train, Clarence Helm, 24 years old, was killed by a train coming from the other direction, at Sergeant.

—

Reading's oldest plasterer, William Diehl, 78 years old, still smooths mortar with a trowel that he has used for 40 years.

—

The Reading Fellowship Farm Association has purchased 48 acres near Lorane, to be divided into acre plots for the use of its members.

—

A large number of arrests were made by Allentown police, following Chief Bernhard's decree that corner loafing must be broken up.

—

Mauch Chunk will observe the third Thursday of May annually as Mary Packer Cummings day in honor of her public park bequest to the town.

—

It seems certain that the Fitzpatrick glass plant at Falls Creek, which has been idle for several years, will resume operations within a few months and will be controlled by the Pancoast interests, manufacturers of bottles.

—

Mrs. Elizabeth Fletcher, of Bloomsburg, aged 87 years, while visiting her brother, Charles Jones, of Summer Hill, picked enough ripe red raspberries to make three jars of jam. The berries were goodly-sized and had a delicious flavor.

—

While the congregation was filing into the East Bangor M. E. Church lightning struck the belfry and tore a huge hole in it, doing damage estimated at $500. The sexton had left the belfry only a moment before the bolt struck.

—

The Rev. H. R. Bixell, who recently resigned as pastor of the First Christian Church, Bloomsburg, has been selected to preach a special sermon at the second World's Christian Citizenship Conference to be held at Portland, Ore., next summer.

—

Desirous of keeping the street car tracks off Ridge row and away from his home, W. W. Scranton, of Scranton, is willing to pay $10,000 if the Councils will enter into a building agreement not to award a contract or franchise to build on the street in any time hereafter.

—

Reuben Wildasin, one of the successful farmers of near Littlestown, from 4 acres of land raised 7,200 bushels of corn. A two and three-quarters acre field produced 550 bushels.

—

As a memorial to their father, grandfather and great-grandfather, James Elmer Keiser and John Elwood Keiser placed in the corner-stone of the new Odd Fellowws' Temple at Reading a panel upon which are mounted three links and 12 silver and copper coins representing the date of the institution of the local lodges.

The Real Problem.

"Well, dear," said the young husband to his bride, "I'll make out the deposit slip in your name and all you have to do is to take it to the bank."

"Yes," she responded, "but suppose I want to draw out some money some day, how will they know which is my money?"—Harper's Bazar.

His Successor.

"I suppose you expect your son to step into your shoes when you retire."

"No. I hardly expect that; but he has already taken my seat in the front row."

Kind to Watch.

"Dibbs apparently has no bad habits."

"Beware of that man!"

Whenever You Use Your Back

Does a Sharp Pain Hit You?

It's a sign of sick kidneys, especially if the kidney action is disordered, too, passages scanty or too frequent or off-color.

Do not neglect any little kidney ill for the slight troubles run into Dropsy, Gravel, Stone or Bright's disease.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills. This good remedy cures bad kidneys.

A NEW JERSEY CASE.

Evan Bowen, 8 Mulberry St., Millville, N. J., says: "My back was so lame I could not stand erect. The kidney secretions were painful and I was in a nervous and run-down condition. Doan's Kidney Pills soon made me better and when I had used six boxes I was entirely cured."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

Clears bad complexions

The regular use of Resinol Soap, with an occasional light application of Resinol Ointment, stimulates the skin, permits natural, healthy action, and rids the complexion of pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, quickly, easily and at little cost.

Try Resinol at our expense

Your druggist sells Resinol Soap (25c.) and Ointment (50c), but for samples write to Dept. 13K, Resinol Chem. Co., Baltimore, Md.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Colds and correct disorders of the stomach and bowels. *Used by Mothers for 22 years.* At all Druggists 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

TRADE MARK.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Prevents Blood Poisoning. Booklet free. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A11, St. Paul, Minn.

DROPSY TREATED. Give quick relief, usually remove swelling and short breath in a few days and entire relief in 15-45 days, trial treatment FREE. DR. GREEN'S SONS, Box A, Atlanta, Ga.

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES SORE EYES

PISO'S REMEDY 25 CTS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. FOR COUGHS AND COLDS 25 CTS.

Mighty Hard to Eat.

"So you like all kinds of pie?"

"Yes; all except humble."

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules. Adv.

What Are Her Thoughts?

"Gladys has a far away look."

"I don't understand that. Her fiance lives just around the corner."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children, 50 cents. Adv.

They're Simple Folk.

"Do you think two could live on my salary?"

"Two Fiji islanders might."

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?

Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

He Answered Truly.

Father—How it is that I find you kissing my daughter? Answer me, sir! How is it!

Young Man—Fine, sir; fine!—Satire.

Opera in the Boxes.

"What was the story of the opera?"

"What I heard ran about like this: In the first act I learned that Mrs. Wallaby, the society leader, is about to sue her husband for divorce. In the second act I learned that Miss Lotta Plunks smuggled in that famous pearl necklace, and in the third I heard that Mr. Gerald Piffle is rapidly drinking himself to death."

Explaining What a Snob Really Is.

"Uncle Roy, what is a snob?"

"A snob, Eddie, is a person who inherits a great deal of money, goes abroad and buys himself a veneer of culture, returns home and poses as a connoisseur of something, and goes around calling his poor relations 'parvenues.' Why do you ask such a question, Eddie?"

"Because I heard Donald's big brother talking about you this afternoon and he said you were a snob."

Millions of Red Cross Seals on Sale.

Over 80,000,000 Red Cross Christmas seals are now on sale in almost every large city and nearly every state in the United States. The proceeds go for the benefit of the antituberculosis movement in the community where the seals are sold. So carefully has the sale been organized throughout the country that with the exception of the states of Florida, Oklahoma, Nevada and Idaho, Red Cross seals will be on sale in almost every city, town, village and hamlet in the United States and even in Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Canal Zone.

LIKE THE WEATHER.

Romeo Hammletts—I see the weather forecast says "continued cold."

Komick Manne—Probably referring to your audience last night.

A DOCTOR'S SLEEP
Found He Had to Leave Off Coffee.

Many persons do not realize that a bad stomach will cause insomnia.

Coffee and tea drinking being such an ancient and respectable form of habit, few realize that the drug—caffeine—contained in coffee and tea, is one of the principal causes of dyspepsia and nervous troubles.

Without their usual portion of coffee or tea, the caffeine topers are nervous, irritable and fretful. That's the way with a whisky drinker. He has got to have his dram "to settle his nerves"—habit.

To leave off coffee or tea is an easy matter if you want to try it, because Postum gives a gentle but natural support to the nerves and does not contain any drug—nothing but food.

Physicians know this to be true, as one from Ga. writes:

"I have cured myself of a long-standing case of Nervous Dyspepsia by leaving off coffee and using Postum," says the doctor.

"I also enjoy refreshing sleep, to which I've been an utter stranger for 20 years.

"In treating dyspepsia in its various types, I find little trouble when I can induce patients to quit coffee and adopt Postum."

The Dr. is right and "there's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum now comes in concentrated, powder form called Instant Postum. It is prepared by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water, adding sugar to taste, and enough cream to bring the color to golden brown.

Instant Postum is convenient; there's no waste; and the flavour is always uniform. Sold by grocers—50-cup tin 30 cts., 100-cup tin 50 cts.

A 5-cup trial tin mailed for grocer's name and 2-cent stamp for postage. Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.—Adv.

NO CEREMONIES ON MARCH 4TH

Wilson Will Make Radical Change in Old Tradition.

TO WAIT FOR GOOD WEATHER.

Announces a Departure From Inauguration Arrangement That Has Prevailed Since Washington's Day.

Hamilton, Bermuda. — President-elect Wilson has announced that though he would agree to begin sworn in as president on March 4, as provided by the Constitution as the legal beginning of a presidential term, the main inaugural ceremonies would be postponed until Thursday, April 24, because of the notoriously bad weather that prevails in Washington during the early part of March.

As his reason for making the proposed change Governor Wilson gave the health of those participating in the inaugural ceremonies. He said that in nearly every instance the weather had been inclement on the occasion of the induction of presidents into office and he thought that nobody could suffer any grievous inconvenience by a few weeks delay of the pomp and ceremony if the letter of the law was carried out by his taking the oath on the legal day.

By his announcement of a postponement of inaugural ceremony Governor Wilson has changed a custom that has been traditional since the second induction of Washington. The first president on his first election took the oath in New York on April 30, but the second time he formally took up his duties in Washington on March 4 and every president since that time has followed the custom.

Mr. Wilson's change of date for the great display of pomp and circumstance surrounding the induction into office of a new president comes as the result of the agitation regarding a change of date for the inauguration which recurs almost every four years.

INAUGURATION WEATHER.

1789—Washington—Cold.
1793—Washington—Rain.
1797—Adams—Fair.
1801—Jefferson—Fair.
1805—Jefferson—Snow.
1809—Madison—Fair.
1813—Madison—Cold.
1817—Monroe—Cold.
1821—Monroe—Snow.
1825—John Quincy Adams—Cold.
1829—Jackson—Fair.
1833—Jackson—Cold.
1837—Van Buren—Fair.
1841—Harrison—Cloudy.
1845—Polk—Cold.
1849—Taylor—Snow.
1853—Pierce—Snow.
1857—Buchanan—Fair.
1861—Lincoln—Cold.
1865—Lincoln—Cold.
1869—Grant—Rain.
1873—Grant—Blizzard.
1877—Hayes—Cloudy.
1881—Garfield—Snow.
1885—Cleveland—Cold.
1889—Harrison—Rain.
1893—Cleveland—Snow.
1897—McKinley—Fair.
1901—McKinley—Rain.
1905—Roosevelt—Rain.
1909—Taft—Snow.

NAVY AGAIN DOWNS ARMY.

James H. Brown, Hero Of 1912 Football Game.

Philadelphia.—In one of the most stirring football games ever played by the two arms of the national service, the Navy, on Franklin Field, defeated the Army by the score of 6 to 0. The midshipmen did not need Jack Dalton, who won the 1911 and 1910 games for the Navy by field goals, for the Annapolis team had another sure kicker in J. H. Brown, a tall guard, who booted the Navy to victory by two splendid goals from placement. Both goals came in the last period of play from the 23 and 37 yard lines after it began to look as if the fierce struggle would result in a scoreless tie.

THE NEW EXPRESS RATES.

Interstate Commission Gives Companies More Time.

Washington.—New express rates, as prepared by the Interstate Commerce Commission June 8 last, will not become effective this week as ordered by the commission, because it has since been larned by the commission that too little time had been given for adjustment of these rates and an order was issued suspending the old order.

HODGES GETS CERTIFICATE.

Canvassers Declare Democrat Elected Governor Of Kansas.

Topeka, Kan.—The Kansas Board of Canvassers issued a certificate of election as Governor to George H. Hodges, Democrat. The action followed the refusal of the Supreme Court to grant Capper. Republican, a rehearing in the Waubansee county legal ballot case. The Court also lifted the restraining order against the Board of Canvassers.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreets' says:

"Trade channels are running full, with optimism predominant, and this despite widespread evidences that mild weather is a bar to fullest activities in final distribution. Still in this very matter of unseasonably warm weather, apparently the only real current cause of complaint, it is to be noted that mild climatic conditions are and have been in a high degree favorable to agricultural and transportation interests.

"In the textile trades is a subject of interest. Dry goods are in active demand from mill to retailer, though mild weather hampers retail demand for heavy-weight goods. Cotton goods are strong, and print cloths and brown cottons have advanced in price with commission men. In the yarn trades both cotton and woolen lines are strong and active. Raw wool of the old clip is in scant supply, in normal demand and firm in price.

"Best reports as to jobbing and retail trade come, as heretofore, from the West, Northwest and Southwest, and where house trade has fallen off, as in the case of some markets, road orders have more than made good the deficit.

"Southern trade, as heretofore, tends to lag somewhat behind the other sections. Real slowness is manifested only at a few Southeastern points.

"Business failures in the United States for the week were 268, against 260 last week, 293 in the like week of 1911, 212 in 1910, 217 in 1909 and 193 in 1908."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 105c elevator and 106 f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 95c f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot steady; export, 53¼c f o b afloat to arrive.

Oats—Spot firm; standard white, 37½c; No. 3, 36¾@37; No. 4, 35¾@36.

Butter—Factory, current make, seconds, 23@24c; packing stock, June make, 23½@24; current make, No. 2, 22½@23.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 2,292 boxes. State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17¾@18; do, white, 17¾; state, whole milk, held, white, average fancy, 17¼@17½.

Eggs—Refrigerator, specials, marks, fancy, 23@23½c; fancy, 23@23½; firsts, 21@22½; seconds, 20@21; thirds and poorer, 18@19½; state, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 52@55; do selected whites, good to prime, 45@50.

Live Poultry — Steady. Western chickens, 12½@13c; fowls, 11½@12½; turkeys, 18.

Dressed Poultry—Firm; fresh killed Western chickens, 11@17; fowls, 13½@16½; turkeys, 22@25.

PHILADELPHIA.—Dressed poultry quiet but steady; ducks, choice, 16@17c; do, fair to good, 12@15.

Potatoes — Quiet, shade easier; Pennsylvania, choice, per bu, 58@70c; New York, do, 60@65c; do, fair to good, 50@55c; Jersey, prime, per bskt, 40@50; culls, 15@25.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—Spot, 98½; November, 98½; December, 99½ nominal; January, 101½ nominal; March, 105½ nominal.

Corn—Spot, 60c nominal; year, 52⅛; January, 51⅜.

Oats—White—No. 2, 38c; standard, 36¼@36½; No. 3, 35@35½; No. 4, 33¾@34¼.

Rye—Western, Domestic—No. 2, 79@80c; No. 3, 70@71; No. 4, 68@69; bag lots, as to quality, 65@75.

Hay—Timothy No. 1, $20@20.50; standard, $19@19.50; No. 2, $18@18.50; No. 3, $14.50@16.50. Clover mixed—Light, $17; No. 1, $16@16.50; No. 2, $13.50@14.50; heavy, $14@15. Clover—No. 1, $13.50@14; No. 2, $10@12.

Straw—No. 1 straight, $18.50; No. 2, $16@16.50; No. 1 tangled, $11; No. 2, do, $9@10. Wheat straw—No. 1, $8; No. 2, $6.50@7. Oat straw—No. 1, $9@10; No. 2, $8@8.50.

Butter — Creamery, fancy, 35½; creamery, choice, 34@35; creamery, good, 30@33; creamery, prints, 34@36; creamery, blocks, 33@35½; ladles, 22@24; Maryland and Pennsylvania, rolls, 22@23.

Cheese—Jobbing lots, per lb, 19½@20c.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 34c; Western firsts, 34; West Virginia firsts, 33@34; Southern firsts, 32@33. Recrated and rehandled eggs ½ to 1c higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 13c; do, old hens, small to medium, 12; old roosters, 9; do, young, large, 14; do young, small, 14. Ducks—White Pekings, 14; muscovy, 13; do, puddle, 13. Geese—Nearby, 13c; do, Western and Southern, 12. Turkeys—Young, choice, 8 lbs and over, 18½; do, old toms, 17.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Cattle—Beeves, $5.25@10.55; Texas Steers, $4.30@5.65; Western Steers, $5.50@9; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.50; cows and heifers, $2.75@7.40; calves, $6.50@10.25.

Hogs—Light, $7.40@7.85; mixed, $7.40@7.90; heavy, $7.40@7.90; rough, $7.40@7.60; pigs, $5.25@7.50; bulk of sales, $7.65@7.85.

MADE HIM SOMEWHAT TIRED

Mose Had Good Excuse for Wishing to Be Rid of the Company of Sam Jackson.

"'Twan't all account o' dat yaller gal, Saliny," explained Mose, talking with difficulty through the bandages that swathed his face.

"I goes out walking wid her and along comes dat Sam Jackson, what she's been keeping company with. Widout saying a word dat man comes over and busts me in the mouf. No sooner did I get up dan, bam! He lands on my lef' year and over I goes again.

"After that he hit me in this year and then in the other one; and stomped on me while I was down. When I got up and began to run he followed, kicking me every yuther step.

"I never got so tired of a cullud man in all my life!"

THE BEST TREATMENT FOR ITCHING SCALPS, DANDRUFF AND FALLING HAIR

To allay itching and irritation of the scalp, prevent dry, thin and falling hair, remove crusts, scales and dandruff, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, the following special treatment is most effective, agreeable and economical. On retiring, comb the hair out straight all around, then begin at the side and make a parting, gently rubbing Cuticura ointment into the parting with a bit of soft flannel held over the end of the finger. Anoint additional partings about half an inch apart until the whole scalp has been treated, the purpose being to get the Cuticura Ointment on the scalp skin rather than on the hair. It is well to place a light covering over the hair to protect the pillow from possible stain. The next morning, shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Shampoos alone may be used as often as agreeable, but once or twice a month is generally sufficient for this special treatment for women's hair.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

End of a Noted Folly.

The monocle has long since been out of fashion in England, and is soon to disappear from Paris, which has been its last stronghold. It was invented by a Dutch dandy, and its evil effects upon the eye were at once noted by oculists. The monocle first appeared at the congress of Vienna in 1814, when it was worn by its inventor. One folly, at least, has had only about a century of life.

Getting Even.

"Your first name is June, is it, little girl?"

"Yes, sir; only I don't spell it the way most folks do."

"How do you spell it?"

"J-u-e-n."

"Why is that, little girl?"

"Do you s'pose I'm goin' to let the Maes get ahead of me when it comes to spellin' names different?"

About the only man in the world who is satisfied with his job is the self-made man.

It is difficult for a woman to enact the dual role of soul-mate and helpmate.

It's a poor plan to try to pull yourself out of trouble with a corkscrew.

AT A SOUTHERN RESORT.

Doctor Quack—I had a great many more patients last year than I have this. I wonder where they have all gone to?

Mrs. Wrink—Well, all we can do, doctor, is to hope for the best.

King George Superstitious.

An incident which occurred while the king was out shooting recently over the Hon. John Ward's preserves at Woolley shows that the monarch shares with many other persons the superstition about the number thirteen. The eight guns were joined at luncheon by five women of the party staying at Chilton, and the king noticing the unlucky number would not sit down until Donald Harding, the acting agent upon the estate, was called in to make the number up to fourteen.—New York Herald.

Peter Doubt's Recipe for Success.

"When I am asked," the Minneapolis Messenger quotes Peter Doubt as saying, "the secret of success, I—" "Surely nobody ever came to you for that," interrupted his wife, with just a touch of sarcasm. "Not up to so far," admitted Mr. Doubt, calmly. "But some day some one will. Bound to. Everybody over fifty years of age is asked, sooner or later, to say what he thinks is the secret of success. And so when they ask me I shall say, 'Simply this: if you feel that you must be born, try to be born lucky.'"

One of His Worst.

The Doctor—Did you hear about that Methodist preacher's daughter down south who turned sleuth, hunted up the pickpocket who had robbed her of her purse, and finally landed him in the penitentiary? The Professor—Good for her! She was an M. E. sis, with a vengeance.—Chicago Tribune.

Demands of Trade.

"It would seem a flagrantly clear case," said the magistrate, adding, to the burglar who had been haled before him, "What have you to say for yourself?"

"Not much, your honor. But I hope you can give me a short sentence. This is my busy season."—Judge.

The Reason.

"Mine is a sunny lot," he moaned.

He moaned about it because his lot was so sunny he couldn't sell it.

Life is a grind, but it at least sharpens a man's wits.

Wireless Map.

A novelty in the way of maps has just been issued by the German imperial postoffice, which has compiled a chart showing the principal wireless telegraph stations in the world. The object is to advertise the facilities now afforded in Germany for "drahtlose" telegraphy. German stations are, of course, given special prominence on the map, and in this connection it is interesting to note that the station at Neuen is claimed to be the most powerful in existence, its range being 2,100 miles. This is two hundred miles more than that of Eiffel tower.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Her Ideal.

"What is your idea of an ideal husband, Mrs. Muchwed?"

"One who will begin paying you alimony without waiting for the judge to name the amount."

For SUMMER HEADACHES

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Not Frequent.

"Do you like rare beef?"

"Is there any other kind these days?"

As a general thing the kind of man who wears a watch on his wrist doesn't need all his pockets to carry his money in.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

It seems the irony of fate that while the grass widow is in clover, the real widow should be in weeds.

ITCH Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Woolford's Sanitary Lotion for all kinds of contagious itch. At Druggists. Adv.

Many a business man who claims he wants only a fair profit must have in mind a church fair profit.

Dropsy cured. Swelling quickly reduced. Shortness of Breath relieved in a few hours. Sample treatment free. COLLIER DROPSY REMEDY CO., ATLANTA, GA. ADV.

Many a man who would hesitate to make a wife of his cook will make a cook of his wife.

Xmas Cards 25 Extra Fine Post Cards for 10c. The best cards used. You will like them or your money back. Send today. F. C. SHERWOOD, 3 MONTGOMERY ST., DANBURY, CONNECTICUT

FOR SALE—35 A. NEAR GAINESVILLE, Alachua Co., Fla.; best improved poultry, truck and stock farm; 19 a. cult., 6 r. house, barn, outbldgs., modern hennery. Implements, etc. SWARTZ, Box 212, Chicago, Ill.

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AGENTS—Big money getter; quick sales in home, office or store; write for particulars. THOMPSON MERCANTILE COMPANY, BOX 1668, PATERSON, N. J.

FOR SALE—162 A. IN PRINCE GEORGE Co., Md.; 120 a. cult., 10 r. house, barn, outbldgs, stables, orchard, tenant house, etc.; will retire. Carl Heuer, Mitchellville, Md.

Every invalid woman is invited to consult our Staff of Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists, at the Invalid's Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., by letter or personally at my expense.—R. V. PIERCE, M. D.

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There is every reason why women should not trust their delicate constitutions in the hands of unskilled persons. It requires a thorough medical education to appreciate and understand the delicate female organism. There is every reason why she should write or personally consult an experienced specialist.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For "run-down," debilitated women of all occupations

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Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorates the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of wrapping and mailing only on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth-bound. Invalid's Hotel and Surgical Institute, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

"It Helped Me So Much."

Mrs. F. W. Myers, of Bodines, Pa., says: "Your 'Favorite Prescription' has done me a wonderful lot of good.

"Seven years ago when our first child was born I was left miserable. I doctored with two physicians without any relief. I then went to see one of the head doctors in Williamsport; he said I must have an operation at once and that I should quit work, but that was something I could not do. I then began taking your 'Favorite Prescription' and it helped me so much. I always suffered so until our last child when I got along nicely. I shall never go through it again without your medicine.

"Will close by wishing you much success in future."

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THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1912

Farmers' Week at State.

Farmers' week at the Pennsylvania State College is an established institution. This year December 26th to January 2nd is the time that the farmers throughout the state are invited to visit their institution and spend a week with the scientists who are working upon agricultural problems. The research work of the Experiment Station has developed, within the last decade or two, and is continually developing new knowledge which has a very practical application to farm practice.

Good Hunters Here.

The deer hunters who go out from Centre Hall have a good record for killing deer. The number captured were eight, killed by George W. Bradford, Albert Bradford, John Knarr, William Bradford, Maynard Meeker, D. W. Sweetwood, Frank J. Smith, and William Homan. Meeker and Smith are not residents of this place just now, but they learned to draw the bead while here.

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. L. Bartholomew and baby spent Thanksgiving in Centre Hall.

While merchant George O. Benner attended court, William F. Floray was head clerk.

Miss Grace Dale, of Pine Grove Mills, was the guest of Mrs. Kate Sanders, in Centre Hall, from Friday until Tuesday.

John Carson, of Clearfield, is at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. H. Shlegal, at Spring Mills, making his annual visit there.

Mrs. H. F. Rossman and son Ray, Miss Mable Long, Mrs. (Dr.) Braucht and Mr. and Mrs. Austin Long, all of Spring Mills, attended the concert in Centre Hall on Thanksgiving evening.

William D. Shoop was in Centre Hall for a day or two last week, and was helping to superintend the construction of the new residence his father, Samuel Shoop, began at that time.

Newton Yarnell, one of the progressive farmers in Harris township, was one of the Reporter's callers on Friday. Mr. Yarnell has been the tenant on the D. J. Meyer farm for seventeen years, and is not even now thinking of leaving. He always aims to keep up with his work, and although the farm he tills is quite large, his crops are planted and sown in season, and as a result the yields are good.

A. Miles Arney, who is connected with one of the largest electrical plants in the world, came to Centre Hall from Niagara Falls, New York, to be with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Arney, on Thanksgiving Day. Mr. Arney has few vacation days, his position being of a character that leave of duty cannot easily be had. He is a graduate of the electrical engineering department of Pennsylvania State College, and is one of that institution's best productions.

Rev. George E. Hawes, D. D., the popular and successful pastor of the Bellefonte Presbyterian church, will preach this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Centre Hall Presbyterian church. Dr. Hawes has just completed his first year in his present position, and has made a most favorable impression on all, this is his first service here. A cordial invitation to be present is extended to the public. There will also be service in the church Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Sunday's schedule is Centre Hall, morning, communion ; Spring Mills afternoon.

Thomas Smith moved his family to Centre Hall from State College on Tuesday. He occupies the residence on the south of the postoffice, lately vacated by Samuel S. Kreamer. Mr. Smith, as was stated in these columns before, purchased the tin shop and stove business, from J. A. Reesman, just prior to his death. On account of his family living at State College and some uncompleted work there, Mr. Smith was obliged to be away from his place of business very much since coming into possession of it, but from this on he will be on hand at all times and ready to accommodate promptly all who need his services.

The Nittany Light, Heat and Power Company's plant at State College was purchased by Asbury M. Lee, A. J. Musser and J. W. Wrigley, of Clearfield, being representatives of the corporation that within the past year obtained charters for electric light and power companies in the boroughs of Centre Hall, Milesburg, Howard and Unionville, and in the townships of Potter, Banner, Boggs, Spring and Union. Their purchase of the State College plant had been in contemplation since the operations of the company began in this county, the purchase of the plant being the only method by which the company could do business in that borough. This is the same company, it is presumed, that made efforts to secure franchise rights in Centre Hall, one of its members being, as indicated above, A. J. Musser, formerly of Pine Grove Mills. The stock in the company, the Reporter is informed, is held largely by Philadelphia parties.

FRUIT GROWERS CONVENTION.

Second Annual Meeting to be Held in Millheim, Friday and Saturday, 13th and 14th.

The second annual convention of the Fruit Growers Association of Centre county will be held in Millheim, Friday and Saturday, 13th and 14th instant. At the first session Friday morning the nomination and election of officers will take place.

It is very much desired to have a display of fruit, and all members of the association and others are invited to bring fruit of all kinds. The fruit may be sent to A. Bartges, Millheim, at any time.

The speakers will be Dr. J. P. Steward, of Pennsylvania State College ; and Dr. Murray, of Catawissa.

THE PROGRAM.

Friday morning : Fertilization of apple orchards.—Steward.
Friday afternoon : The making and use of lime-sulphur spray—Steward.
Friday afternoon : Educating a young orchard—Murray.
Friday evening : The influence of cultural methods alone, and with fertilization upon yield and quality of fruit—Steward.
Friday evening : Business methods in marketing apples —Murray.
Saturday morning : Spraying—Steward.
Saturday morning : Tillage vs. sod mulch—Murray.

Harris Township.

Prof. J. H. Harnish spent Thanksgiving at his home near Lancaster.

Prof H. C. Rothrock spent Thanksgiving at his home at Boalsburg.

Mrs. John Johnson, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of John Charles.

Miss Lizzie Bloom visited from Saturday till Monday with friends at Bellefonte.

Mrs. L. Mothersbaugh and Mrs. George Mothersbaugh and her children spent Thanksgiving at Williamsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fisher, with their bright little boy, were visitors from Danville at the Fisher home at Boalsburg.

Miss Margaretta Goheen spent her vacation at Boalsburg ; this week she is attending teachers' institute at Holidaysburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Brooks and Mrs. J. M. Ross and daughter, Miss Louella, from near Linden Hall, were guests at the Jacob Meyer home on Sunday.

Rev. H. M. Hart, of Harrisburg, P. G. M. of the I. O. O. F., gave a lecture in the Reformed church on Monday evening, on the subject "The power of a hidden hand." The address was interesting thoughout. The speaker closed by relating a humorous story of an old lady, who never went to any church but the Methodist except on one occasion when her pastor was not at home she went to a Reformed church, and got happy there. Rev. Hart lectured at Boalsburg twice before this sixteen years ago and five years ago. Owing to the inclement weather on Monday the attendance was not as large as at previous times.

Rebersburg.

John Smith, the coal dealer at Lamar, was a visitor in town over Sunday.

Miss Schrack and Miss Barner will this week leave for Johnstown where they will spend the winter.

Mrs. Maggie Wagner and daughter, of Harrisburg are at present visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Emma Bair, who is employed in Lock Haven, in a hotel as cook No 1, spent last Sunday in town among relatives.

Charles Zimmerman, while out hunting the other day, had the good luck to shoot a wild turkey ; the bird weighed sixteen pounds.

Elmer Hubler, the auctioneer, has rented the Harry Gephart home situated near Noll's mill, and will move there this coming spring.

Thus far this season Thomas Ocker has killed the heaviest hogs in town ; next comes Prof. C. L. Gramley, whose porkers weighed almost as much.

On last Wednesday Mrs. Maggie Frantz and daughter and Miss Edith Schrack and Miss Ruth Barner, all of Tylersville were callers at the Reformed parsonage at this place.

Howard Miller and wife, who spent the past summer in Penns Valley at the home of Charles Wolf, returned to town and took up their abode for the winter months in their fine residence at this place.

Howard Krape, after spending several months in the eastern part of this state where he was employed, has returned home and is getting to his home an abundant supply of wood, coal and other household necessities in order that he and the family may live in comfort during the cold blustry winter months.

Emanuel Confer, of near Millheim, has rented the farm known as the Nathaniel Bowersox farm situated near Wolf's store, owned by Emanuel Confer, of Millheim. The present occupant, Edward Gilbert, will this coming spring move to Sugar Valley onto the John Womeldorf farm, two miles east of Loganton.

Laundry goes out next Wednesday.

PEEPING INTO SPACE.

An Illustration That Shows the Vastness of Stellar Depths.

Go dig a hole in the ground and set a post five or six feet high. Nail a stick across the top. Tie a fine string to a ring three inches in diameter and suspend it from the end of the stick.

Break up a diamond—if you make the error of wearing one and centering your mind on the useless bauble rather than upon nature and her majestic laws; select a minute fragment so small that if spherical seventy-one side by side would make a row one inch long and suspend the tiny globe by means of a fine fiber of silk in the center of the ring.

Then walk away on a straight line 9.31 miles, turn around and look back. The ring would be invisible, and it would require the keenest eye to see the post, if indeed any could see it.

Get a good telescope and you might just see the ring against the sky on a white background, but the diamond would be invisible.

Come up here, get the sixteen inch telescope, try it, and the diamond sphere could not be seen. Go get a forty or sixty inch telescope, still the diamond would not come into view.

Then get a 3,000,000 candle power electric arc searchlight and by means of a big lens concentrate the light on the diamond. Then a much smaller telescope would reveal it.

Go to the giant star sun, Sirius, the dog star. Take a very large telescope with you, turn around and look back this way.

Then the orbit of the earth, a ring 186,000,000 miles in diameter, would appear to be as three inches in diameter viewed from 9.31 miles, and the sun as the one seventy-first of an inch in diameter.—Edgar Lucien Larkin in New York American.

HE DIDN'T LIKE WHIGS.

And He Had No Use For Portraits of Henry Clay.

In Daviess county, Ky., at the time when Henry Clay was running for the presidency against General Jackson, there lived a plain, industrious farmer. He was an ardent politician, noted for his hostility to Clay and his party. But his interest in politics did not make him indifferent to his wife's happiness. While in town one day he thought he would surprise the good woman by presenting her with a set of new dishes. He selected an attractive pattern, and as he was in a hurry did not examine the dishes closely, but had them packed and placed in his wagon.

His wife was delighted with the gift, but no slight examination satisfied her feminine curiosity. In turning over a dish she discovered on the under side a portrait of Henry Clay. Every piece was thus marked. To tease her husband she asked him the cause of his "sudden change of politics."

"Change of politics!" shouted the husband, as excited as if he had been charged with a crime. "What do you mean?"

Thereupon she showed him the portrait on the china. As if he were ridding himself of a noxious thing, the farmer gathered up every dish and, carrying them to the door, broke them into fragments on the stone steps. He purchased another set of dishes in a few days, but not until he had made sure that there was no Whig politician's portrait on them.—Youth's Companion.

Graft In Turkey.

In the days when M. Paul Cambon represented the interests of the French republic at Constantinople Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, who had been touring in eastern Europe, was desirous of giving a dramatic representation at Yildiz kiosk. The sultan was willing and the terms were duly arranged with the keeper of the wardrobe, the worthy pasha who has the control of all entertainments at Yildiz. But the pasha held out his hand for more backsheesh than La Belle Sarah felt inclined to give and so the long looked for representation did not take place. Sarah Bernhardt lost by it £1,000 and the coveted order of the chefekat. Hermann, the conjurer, knowing the ropes better than the French actress, squared the keeper of the wardrobe, gave his show and got his thousand pounds.

A Monastic Race Course.

Sandown is the part of Esher that all travelers see from the railway, with the grand stand backed by a fine cluster of dark pines. Among the smaller race courses none is prettier. The estate purchased by a company for the special purpose of horse racing originally belonged to a priory. All the brethren were swept away by the black death about the middle of the fourteenth century and every trace of their monastic buildings has disappeared. Only their memory now remains as a text of warning to thoughtless pleasure seekers. — Westminster Gazette.

Maintenance of a Microbe.

A country schoolteacher was cashing her monthly check at the bank. The teller apologized for the filthy condition of the bills, saying, "I hope you're not afraid of microbes."

"Not a bit of it," the schoolmarm replied. "I'm sure no microbe could live on my salary."—Lippincott's.

He Found It.

"I started out on the theory that the world had an opening for me, and I went to find it."

"Did you find it?"

"Oh, yes; I'm in a hole!"

He that runs out by extravagance must retrieve by parsimony.—From the Dutch.

Centre Reporter, $1 per year.

You will find that druggists everywhere speak well of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. They know from long experience in the sale of it that in cases of coughs and colds it can always be depended upon, and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers. adv.

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In Cream, White, Black, Grey and Blue, with Braid Trimming to match.

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A thousand scientists are experimenting every day with a thousand different phases of the Feed-for-Milk problem. There is just one judge to whom they refer their eleborate theories and by her decision the theories stand or fall — THEY PUT IT UP TO THE COW.

That's what has been done in developing "Sucrene" Dairy Feed at every stage of its evolution—every time an improvement was made in the formula, that was done.

"Sucrene" is not a theoretically balanced ration—to most feeders that means only digestible protein, fat and carbohydrates in proper proportions, but that's only the beginning. It takes more than that just to build the animal — it takes phosphorus for brain and bone and nerve—it takes lime to make a frame work that will carry a strong and efficient body, and it takes both lime and phosphorus to make milk.

But a scientifically balanced, highly digestible ration isn't enough—it's got to be appetizing, and that's what the "Sucrene," the sugar part of Sucrene Dairy Feed does—it makes the cow enjoy eating and she digests her food all the better because she has a good taste in her mouth.

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